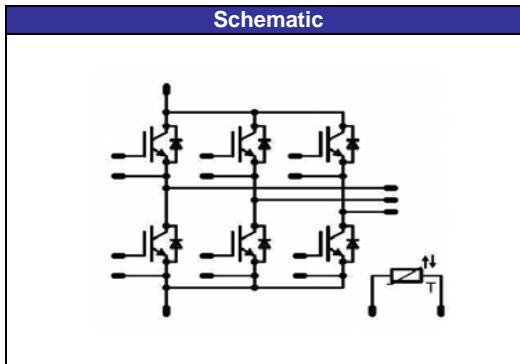


**flow90PACK 1 2nd gen**
**1200V/50A**

| Features                                                            |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| • Trench Fieldstop IGBT4 Technology                                 |
| • Supports designs with 90° mounting angle between heatsink and PCB |
| • Clip-in PCB mounting                                              |
| • Clip or screw hetasink mounting                                   |



| Target Applications |
|---------------------|
| • Motor Drives      |



| Types                |
|----------------------|
| • V23990-P700-F44-PM |

**Maximum Ratings**
 $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Value | Unit |
|-----------|--------|-----------|-------|------|
|-----------|--------|-----------|-------|------|

**Inverter IGBT**

|                                      |                      |                                                                     |           |                    |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|
| Collector-emitter break down voltage | $V_{CE}$             |                                                                     | 1200      | V                  |
| DC collector current                 | $I_C$                | $T_j=T_{j\max}$<br>$T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$ | 43<br>56  | A                  |
| Repetitive peak collector current    | $I_{Cpulse}$         | $t_p$ limited by $T_{j\max}$                                        | 150       | A                  |
| Turn off safe operating area         |                      | $V_{CE} \leq 1200\text{V}$ , $T_j \leq T_{j\max}$                   | 150       | A                  |
| Power dissipation per IGBT           | $P_{tot}$            | $T_j=T_{j\max}$<br>$T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$ | 98<br>148 | W                  |
| Gate-emitter peak voltage            | $V_{GE}$             |                                                                     | $\pm 20$  | V                  |
| Short circuit ratings                | $t_{SC}$<br>$V_{CC}$ | $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$<br>$V_{GE}=15\text{V}$                 | 10<br>800 | $\mu\text{s}$<br>V |
| Maximum Junction Temperature         | $T_{j\max}$          |                                                                     | 175       | $^\circ\text{C}$   |

**Inverter FWD**

|                                 |             |                                                                     |          |                  |
|---------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|------------------|
| Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage | $V_{RRM}$   | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$                                              | 1200     | V                |
| DC forward current              | $I_F$       | $T_j=T_{j\max}$<br>$T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$ | 34<br>46 | A                |
| Repetitive peak forward current | $I_{FRM}$   | $t_p$ limited by $T_{j\max}$                                        | 100      | A                |
| Power dissipation per Diode     | $P_{tot}$   | $T_j=T_{j\max}$<br>$T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$ | 59<br>90 | W                |
| Maximum Junction Temperature    | $T_{j\max}$ |                                                                     | 175      | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Value | Unit |
|-----------|--------|-----------|-------|------|
|-----------|--------|-----------|-------|------|

### Thermal Properties

|                                                 |                  |  |                                   |    |
|-------------------------------------------------|------------------|--|-----------------------------------|----|
| Storage temperature                             | $T_{\text{stg}}$ |  | -40...+125                        | °C |
| Operation temperature under switching condition | $T_{\text{op}}$  |  | -40...+( $T_{\text{jmax}} - 25$ ) | °C |

### Insulation Properties

|                            |                 |               |            |          |    |
|----------------------------|-----------------|---------------|------------|----------|----|
| Insulation voltage         | $V_{\text{is}}$ | $t=2\text{s}$ | DC voltage | 4000     | V  |
| Creepage distance          |                 |               |            | min 12,7 | mm |
| Clearance                  |                 |               |            | min 12,7 | mm |
| Comparative tracking index | CTI             |               |            | >200     |    |

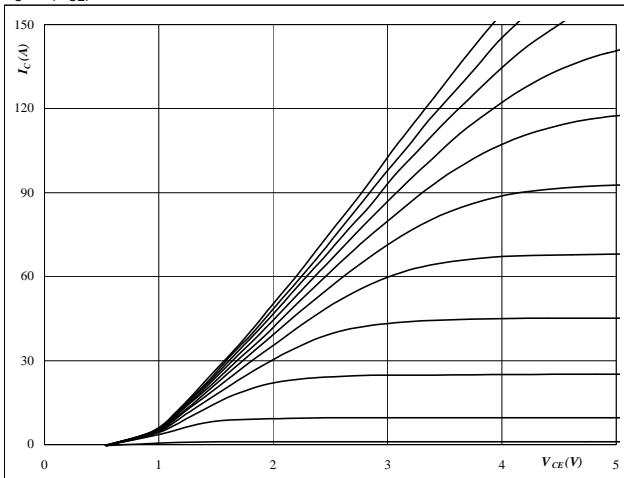
**Characteristic Values**

| Parameter                                     | Symbol          | Conditions                                                  |                                 |                                                 |                                           | Value                                             |      |              | Unit |                        |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|------|--------------|------|------------------------|
|                                               |                 |                                                             | $V_{GE}$ [V] or<br>$V_{GS}$ [V] | $V_r$ [V] or<br>$V_{CE}$ [V] or<br>$V_{DS}$ [V] | $I_c$ [A] or<br>$I_F$ [A] or<br>$I_D$ [A] | $T_j$                                             | Min  | Typ          | Max  |                        |
| <b>Inverter IGBT</b>                          |                 |                                                             |                                 |                                                 |                                           |                                                   |      |              |      |                        |
| Gate emitter threshold voltage                | $V_{GE(th)}$    | $V_{CE}=V_{GE}$                                             |                                 |                                                 | 0,0017                                    | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ | 5    | 5,8          | 6,5  | V                      |
| Collector-emitter saturation voltage          | $V_{CE(sat)}$   |                                                             | 15                              |                                                 | 50                                        | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ | 1,6  | 2,07<br>2,36 | 2,1  | V                      |
| Collector-emitter cut-off current incl. Diode | $I_{CES}$       |                                                             | 0                               | 1200                                            |                                           | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ |      |              | 0,01 | mA                     |
| Gate-emitter leakage current                  | $I_{GES}$       |                                                             | 20                              | 0                                               |                                           | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ |      |              | 600  | nA                     |
| Integrated Gate resistor                      | $R_{gint}$      |                                                             |                                 |                                                 |                                           |                                                   |      | 4            |      | $\Omega$               |
| Turn-on delay time                            | $t_{d(on)}$     | $R_{goff}=8 \Omega$<br>$R_{gon}=8 \Omega$                   | $\pm 15$                        | 600                                             | 50                                        | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ |      | 105<br>110   |      | ns                     |
| Rise time                                     | $t_r$           |                                                             |                                 |                                                 |                                           | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ |      | 27<br>32     |      |                        |
| Turn-off delay time                           | $t_{d(off)}$    |                                                             |                                 |                                                 |                                           | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ |      | 224<br>297   |      |                        |
| Fall time                                     | $t_f$           |                                                             |                                 |                                                 |                                           | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ |      | 53<br>131    |      |                        |
| Turn-on energy loss per pulse                 | $E_{on}$        |                                                             |                                 |                                                 |                                           | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ |      | 3,39<br>5,33 |      | mWs                    |
| Turn-off energy loss per pulse                | $E_{off}$       |                                                             |                                 |                                                 |                                           | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ |      | 2,73<br>4,70 |      |                        |
| Input capacitance                             | $C_{ies}$       | $f=1\text{MHz}$                                             | $0$                             | 25                                              |                                           | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$                            |      | 2770         |      | pF                     |
| Output capacitance                            | $C_{oss}$       |                                                             |                                 |                                                 |                                           |                                                   |      | 205          |      |                        |
| Reverse transfer capacitance                  | $C_{rss}$       |                                                             |                                 |                                                 |                                           |                                                   |      | 160          |      |                        |
| Gate charge                                   | $Q_{Gate}$      |                                                             | $\pm 15$                        | 960                                             | 50                                        | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$                            |      | 300          |      | nC                     |
| Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip  | $R_{thJH}$      | Thermal grease thickness≤50um<br>$\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$ |                                 |                                                 |                                           |                                                   |      | 0,97         |      | K/W                    |
| <b>Inverter FWD</b>                           |                 |                                                             |                                 |                                                 |                                           |                                                   |      |              |      |                        |
| Diode forward voltage                         | $V_F$           |                                                             |                                 |                                                 | 50                                        | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ | 1,35 | 1,85<br>1,81 | 2,05 | V                      |
| Peak reverse recovery current                 | $I_{RRM}$       | $R_{gon}=8 \Omega$                                          | $\pm 15$                        | 600                                             | 50                                        | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ |      | 49<br>60     |      | A                      |
| Reverse recovery time                         | $t_{rr}$        |                                                             |                                 |                                                 |                                           | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ |      | 262<br>441   |      | ns                     |
| Reverse recovered charge                      | $Q_{rr}$        |                                                             |                                 |                                                 |                                           | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ |      | 4,70<br>9,73 |      | $\mu\text{C}$          |
| Peak rate of fall of recovery current         | $di(rec)max/dt$ |                                                             |                                 |                                                 |                                           | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ |      | 896<br>360   |      | $\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ |
| Reverse recovered energy                      | $E_{rec}$       |                                                             |                                 |                                                 |                                           | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ |      | 1,76<br>3,82 |      | mWs                    |
| Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip  | $R_{thJH}$      | Thermal grease thickness≤50um<br>$\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$ |                                 |                                                 |                                           |                                                   |      | 1,60         |      | K/W                    |
| <b>Thermistor</b>                             |                 |                                                             |                                 |                                                 |                                           |                                                   |      |              |      |                        |
| Rated resistance                              | $R$             |                                                             |                                 |                                                 |                                           | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$                            |      | 22000        |      | $\Omega$               |
| Deviation of R100                             | $\Delta R/R$    | $R_{100}=1486 \Omega$                                       |                                 |                                                 |                                           | $T_c=100^\circ\text{C}$                           | -5   |              | 5    | %                      |
| Power dissipation                             | $P$             |                                                             |                                 |                                                 |                                           | $T_c=100^\circ\text{C}$                           |      | 200          |      | mW                     |
| Power dissipation constant                    |                 |                                                             |                                 |                                                 |                                           | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$                            |      | 2            |      | $\text{mW/K}$          |
| B-value                                       | $B_{(25/50)}$   | Tol. ±3%                                                    |                                 |                                                 |                                           | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$                            |      | 3950         |      | K                      |
| B-value                                       | $B_{(25/100)}$  | Tol. ±3%                                                    |                                 |                                                 |                                           | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$                            |      | 3996         |      | K                      |
| Vincotech NTC Reference                       |                 |                                                             |                                 |                                                 |                                           | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$                            |      |              | B    |                        |

## Output Inverter

**Figure 1****Typical output characteristics**

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

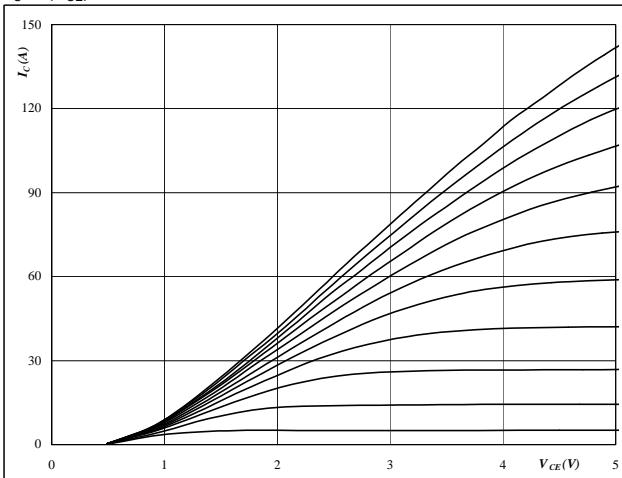
**At**

$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

$$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V
**Figure 2****Typical output characteristics**

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

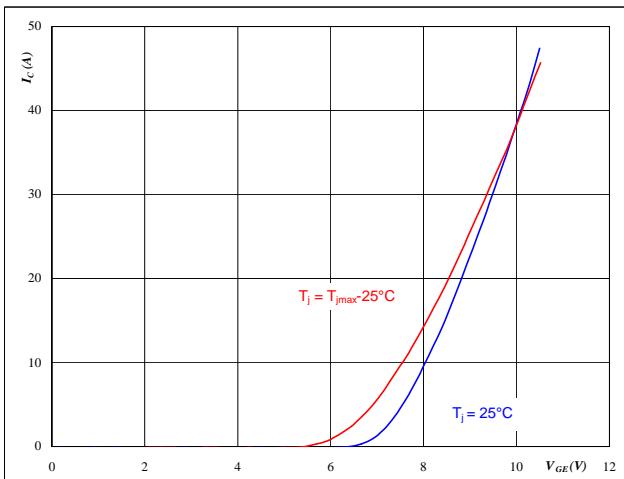
**At**

$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

$$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$$

 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V
**Figure 3****Typical transfer characteristics**

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

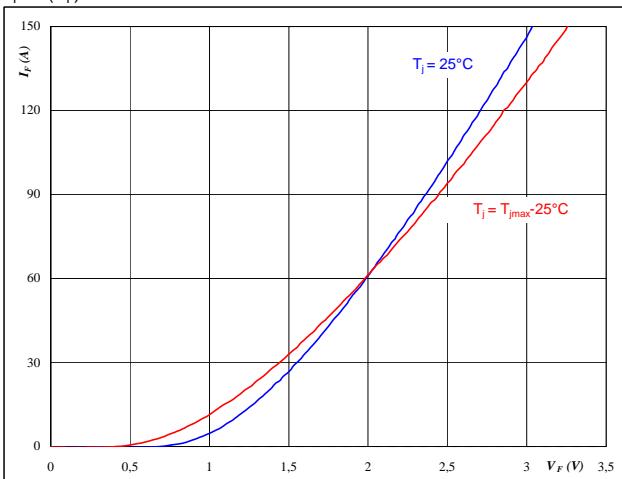
**At**

$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

$$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$$

**Figure 4****Output inverter FWD****Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage**

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

**At**

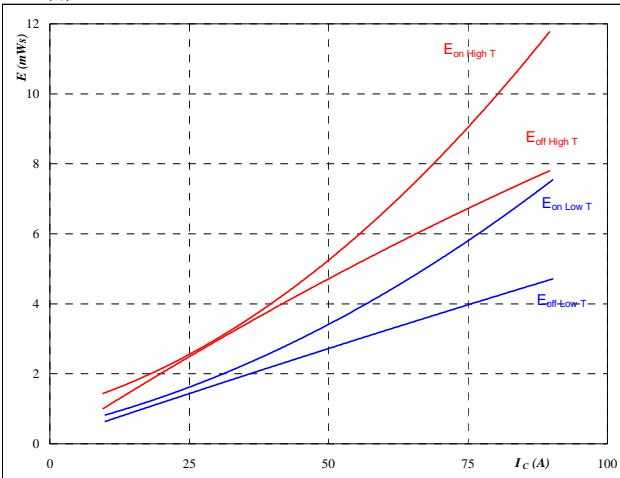
$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

## Output Inverter

**Figure 5**

**Typical switching energy losses  
as a function of collector current**

$$E = f(I_C)$$



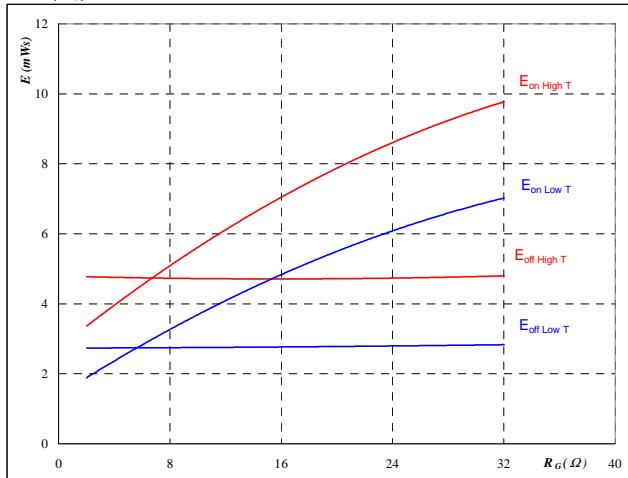
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/150 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 600 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \quad \Omega \\ R_{goff} &= 8 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

**Output inverter IGBT**
**Figure 6**

**Typical switching energy losses  
as a function of gate resistor**

$$E = f(R_G)$$



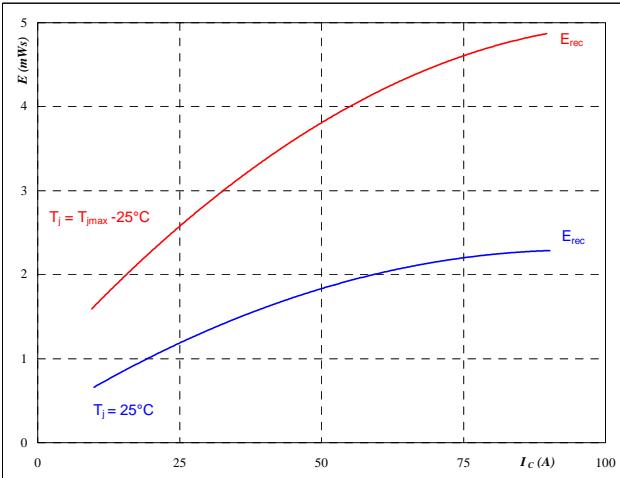
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/150 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 600 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \quad \text{V} \\ I_C &= 50 \quad \text{A} \end{aligned}$$

**Figure 7**
**Output inverter FWD**

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss  
as a function of collector current**

$$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$$



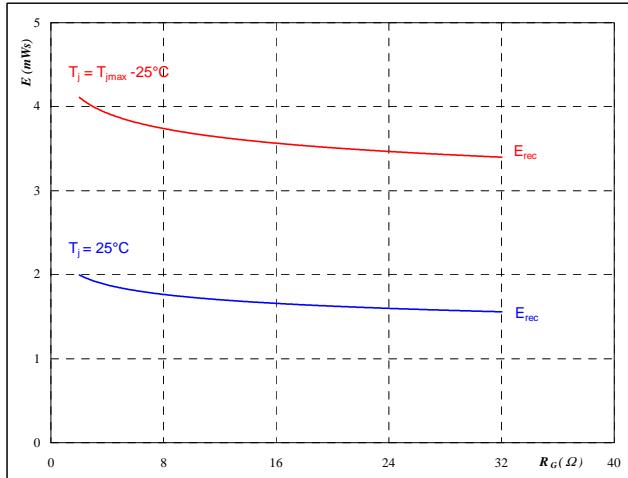
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/150 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 600 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

**Figure 8**
**Output inverter FWD**

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss  
as a function of gate resistor**

$$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

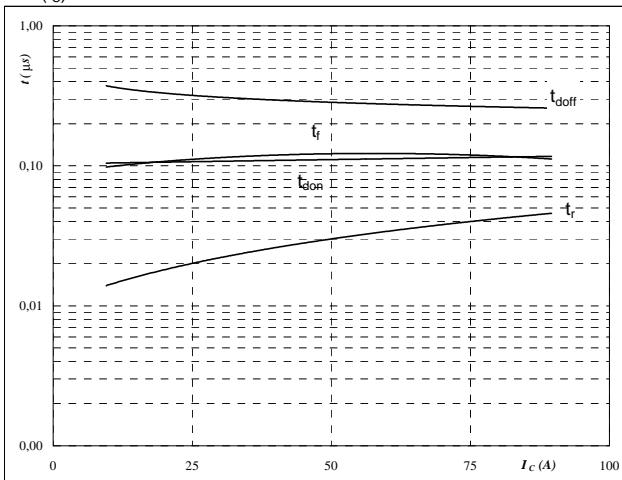
$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/150 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 600 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \quad \text{V} \\ I_C &= 50 \quad \text{A} \end{aligned}$$

## Output Inverter

**Figure 9**

**Typical switching times as a function of collector current**

$$t = f(I_C)$$



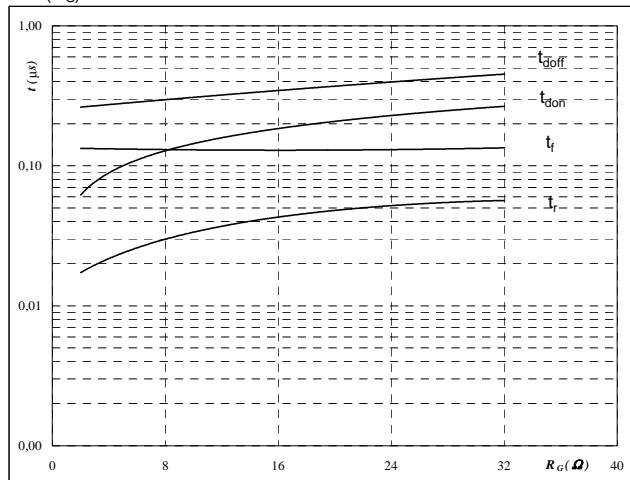
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 150 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 600 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \quad \Omega \\ R_{goff} &= 8 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

**Output inverter IGBT**
**Figure 10**

**Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor**

$$t = f(R_G)$$



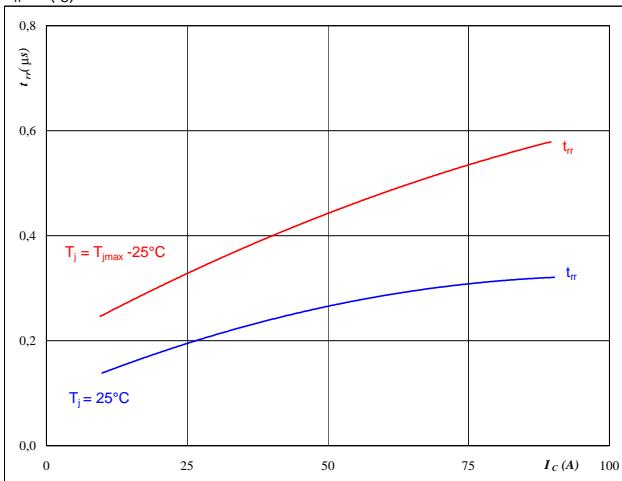
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 150 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 600 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \quad \text{V} \\ I_C &= 50 \quad \text{A} \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

**Figure 11**
**Output inverter FWD**

**Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current**

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



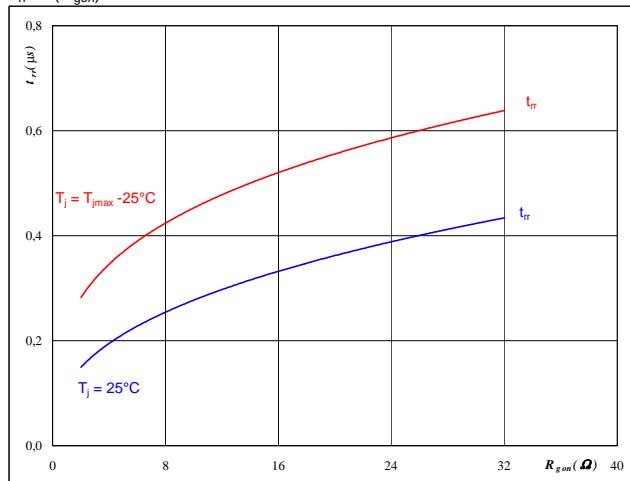
At

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/150 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 600 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

**Figure 12**
**Output inverter FWD**

**Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At

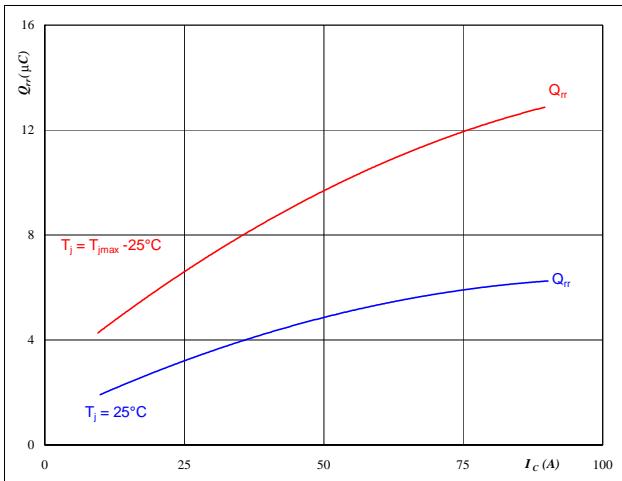
$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/150 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_R &= 600 \quad \text{V} \\ I_F &= 50 \quad \text{A} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \quad \text{V} \end{aligned}$$

## Output Inverter

**Figure 13**

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

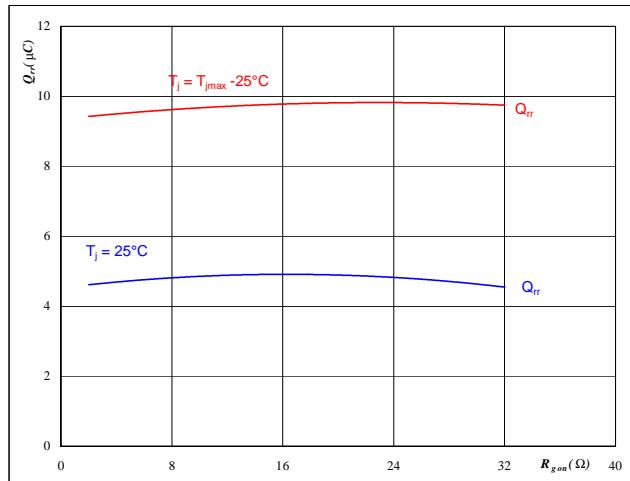

**At**

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/150 \quad {}^\circ C \\ V_{CE} &= 600 \quad V \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \quad V \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

**Output inverter FWD**
**Figure 14**

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$

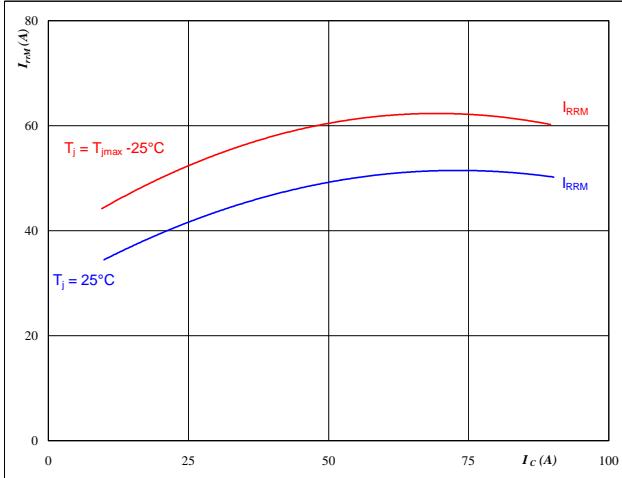

**At**

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/150 \quad {}^\circ C \\ V_R &= 600 \quad V \\ I_F &= 50 \quad A \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \quad V \end{aligned}$$

**Figure 15**
**Output inverter FWD**

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$$

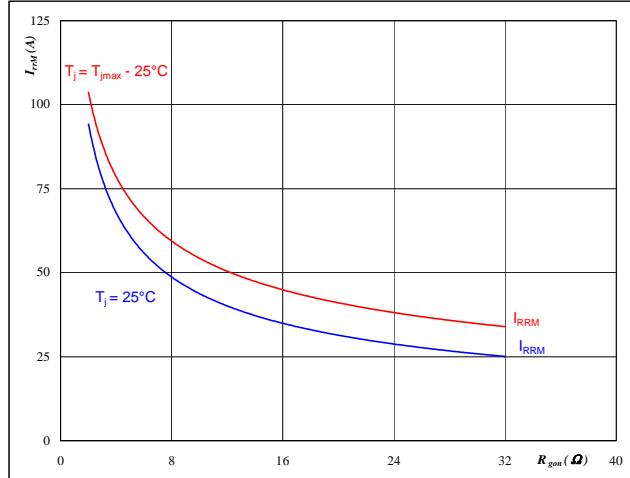

**At**

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/150 \quad {}^\circ C \\ V_{CE} &= 600 \quad V \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \quad V \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

**Figure 16**
**Output inverter FWD**

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$

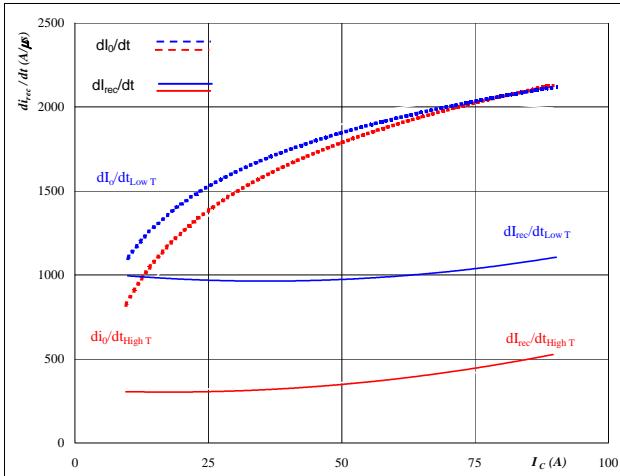

**At**

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/150 \quad {}^\circ C \\ V_R &= 600 \quad V \\ I_F &= 50 \quad A \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \quad V \end{aligned}$$

## Output Inverter

**Figure 17**

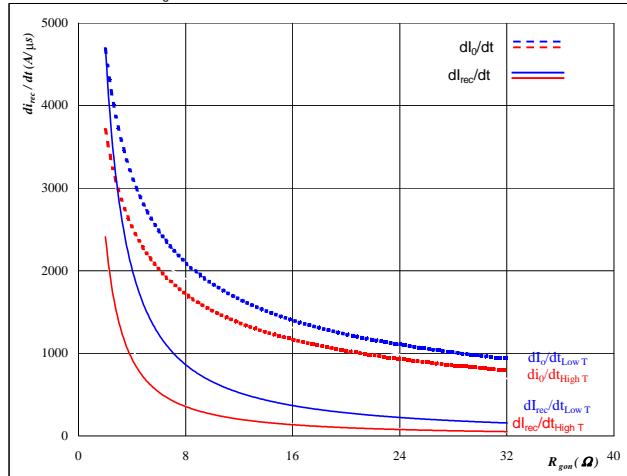
Typical rate of fall of forward  
and reverse recovery current as a  
function of collector current  
 $dl_0/dt, dl_{rec}/dt = f(I_C)$


**At**

$T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

**Output inverter FWD**
**Figure 18**

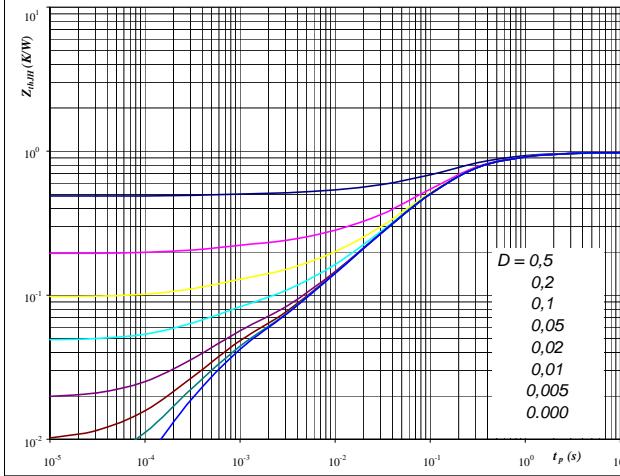
Typical rate of fall of forward  
and reverse recovery current as a  
function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $dl_0/dt, dl_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$


**At**

$T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_R = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $I_F = 50 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$

**Figure 19**

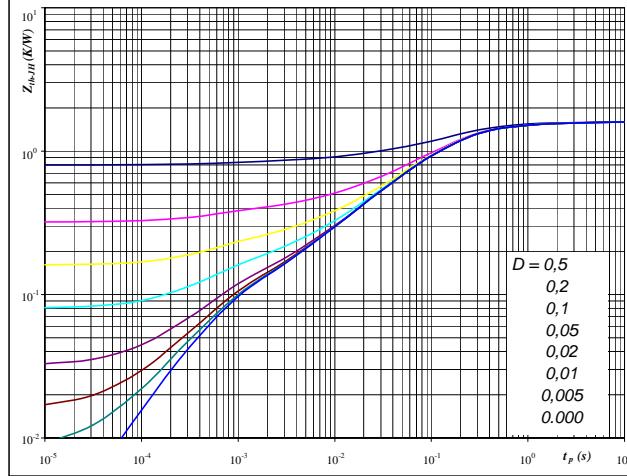
IGBT transient thermal impedance  
as a function of pulse width  
 $Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$


**At**

$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{thJH} = 0,97 \text{ K/W}$

**Output inverter IGBT**
**Figure 20**

FWD transient thermal impedance  
as a function of pulse width  
 $Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$


**At**

$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{thJH} = 1,60 \text{ K/W}$

### IGBT thermal model values

| Thermal grease |         | Phase change interface |         |
|----------------|---------|------------------------|---------|
| R (C/W)        | Tau (s) | R (C/W)                | Tau (s) |
| 0,13           | 1,3E+00 | 0,11                   | 1,0E+00 |
| 0,49           | 2,0E-01 | 0,39                   | 1,6E-01 |
| 0,26           | 6,4E-02 | 0,21                   | 5,2E-02 |
| 0,07           | 8,7E-03 | 0,05                   | 7,0E-03 |
| 0,03           | 5,6E-04 | 0,03                   | 4,5E-04 |

### FWD thermal model values

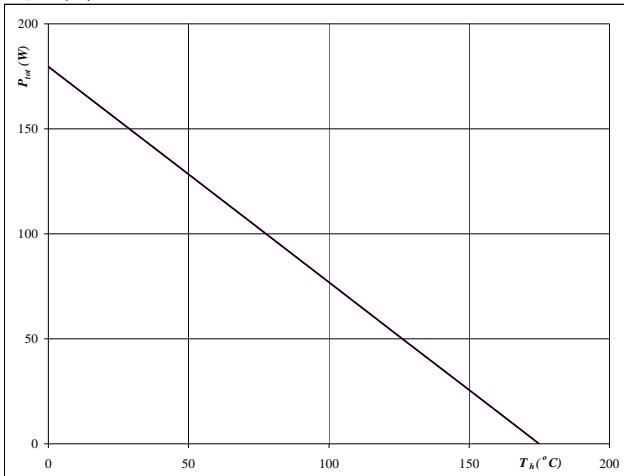
| Thermal grease |         | Phase change interface |         |
|----------------|---------|------------------------|---------|
| R (C/W)        | Tau (s) | R (C/W)                | Tau (s) |
| 0,03           | 7,8E+00 | 0,03                   | 6,3E+00 |
| 0,14           | 1,1E+00 | 0,12                   | 8,9E-01 |
| 0,77           | 1,8E-01 | 0,62                   | 1,5E-01 |
| 0,42           | 5,9E-02 | 0,34                   | 4,8E-02 |
| 0,16           | 9,5E-03 | 0,13                   | 7,7E-03 |
| 0,09           | 6,4E-04 | 0,07                   | 5,2E-04 |

## Output Inverter

**Figure 21**

**Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$$

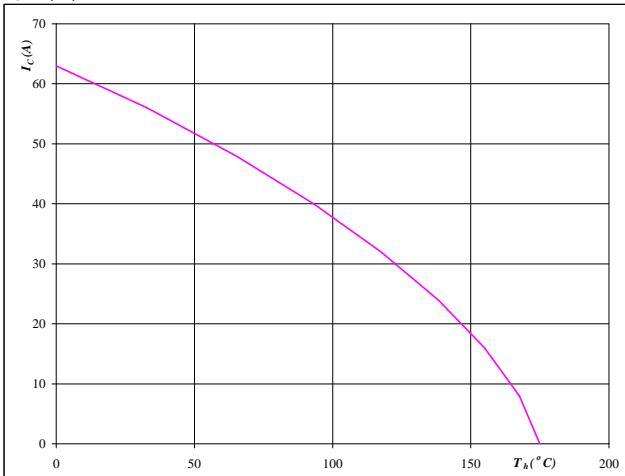

**At**

$$T_j = 175 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

**Output inverter IGBT**
**Figure 22**

**Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$I_C = f(T_h)$$

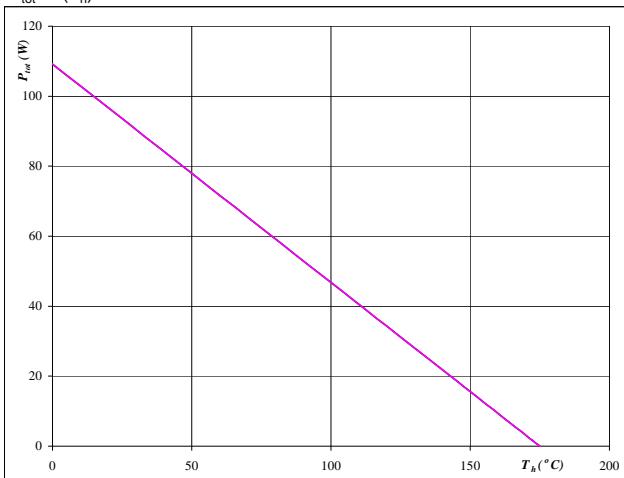

**At**

$$T_j = 175 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

**Output inverter IGBT**
**Figure 23**
**Output inverter FWD**

**Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$$

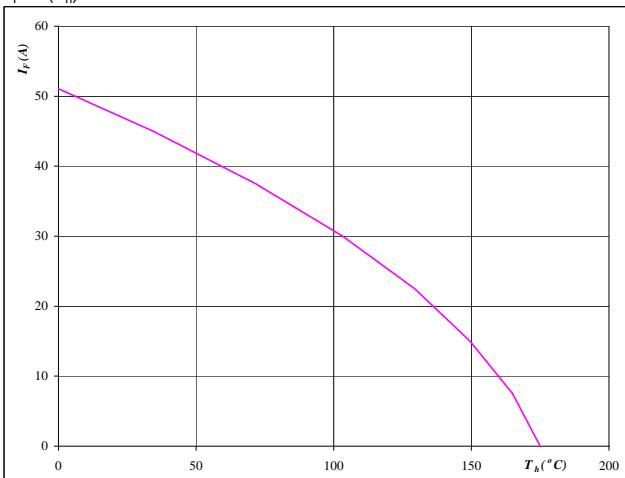

**At**

$$T_j = 175 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

**Output inverter FWD**
**Figure 24**

**Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$


**At**

$$T_j = 175 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

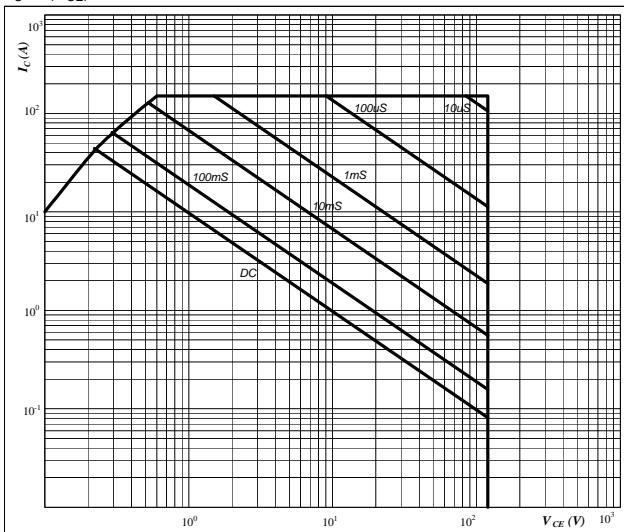
**Output inverter FWD**

## Output Inverter

**Figure 25**

**Safe operating area as a function of collector-emitter voltage**

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$


**At**

D = single pulse

T\_h = 80 °C

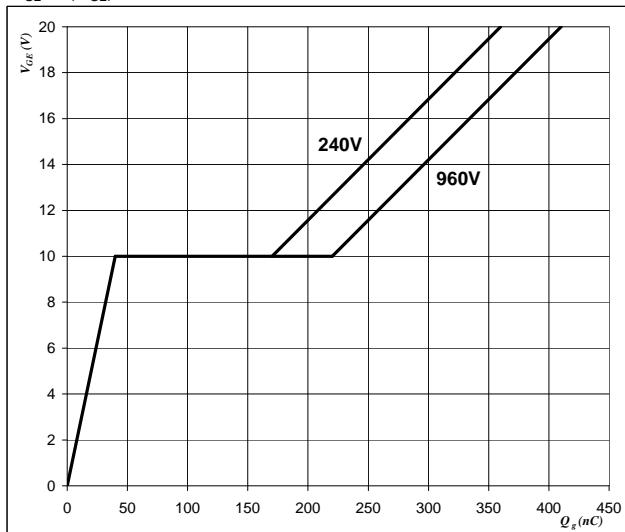
V\_GE = ±15 V

T\_j = T\_jmax °C

**Output inverter IGBT**
**Figure 26**

**Gate voltage vs Gate charge**

$$V_{GE} = f(Q_{GE})$$

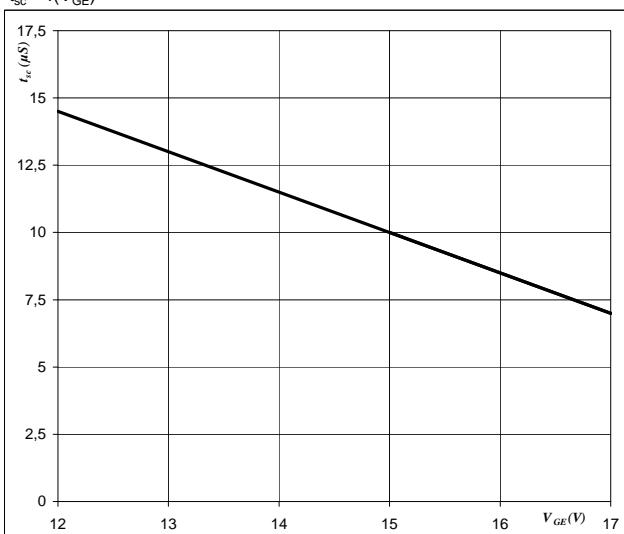

**At**

I\_C = 50 A

**Figure 27**
**Output inverter IGBT**

**Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage**

$$t_{sc} = f(V_{GE})$$


**At**

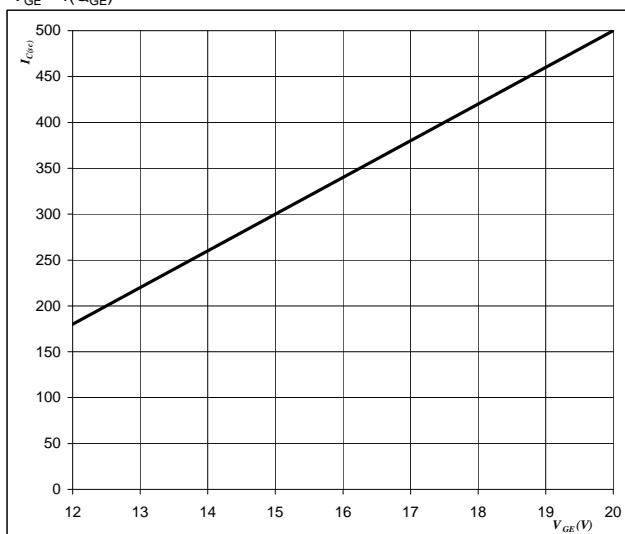
V\_CE = 1200 V

T\_j ≤ 175 °C

**Figure 28**
**Output inverter IGBT**

**Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage**

$$I_{CSC} = f(V_{GE})$$

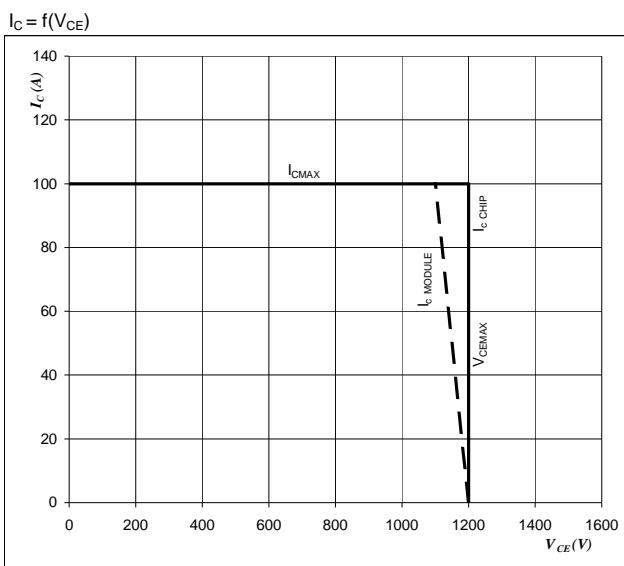

**At**

V\_CE ≤ 1200 V

T\_j = 175 °C

**Figure 29**

IGBT

**Reverse bias safe operating area****At**

$$T_j = T_{j\max} - 25 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$U_{ccminus} = U_{ccplus}$$

Switching mode : 3phase SPWM

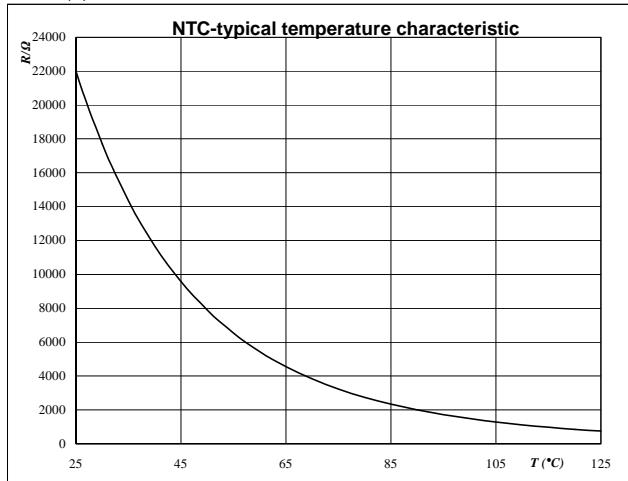
## Thermistor

**Figure 1**

**Typical NTC characteristic  
as a function of temperature**

$$R_T = f(T)$$

Thermistor

**Figure 2**

**Typical NTC resistance values**

Thermistor

$$R(T) = R_{25} \cdot e^{\left( B_{25/100} \left( \frac{1}{T} - \frac{1}{T_{25}} \right) \right)} \quad [\Omega]$$

## Switching Definitions Output Inverter

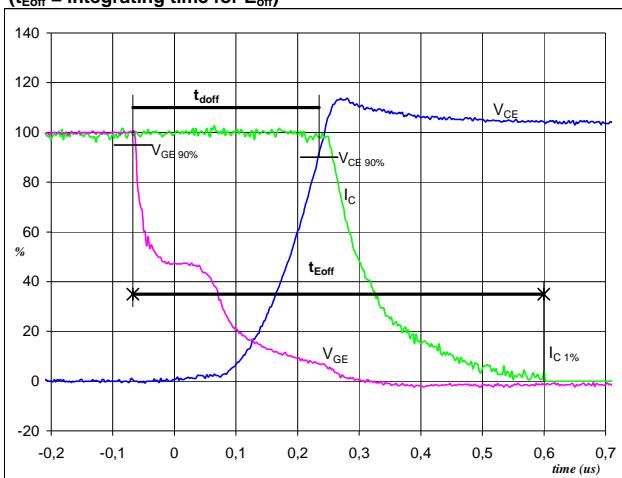
**General conditions**

|            |   |        |
|------------|---|--------|
| $T_j$      | = | 150 °C |
| $R_{gon}$  | = | 8 Ω    |
| $R_{goff}$ | = | 8 Ω    |

**Figure 1**

Output inverter IGBT

**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$**   
 $(t_{Eoff} = \text{integrating time for } E_{off})$

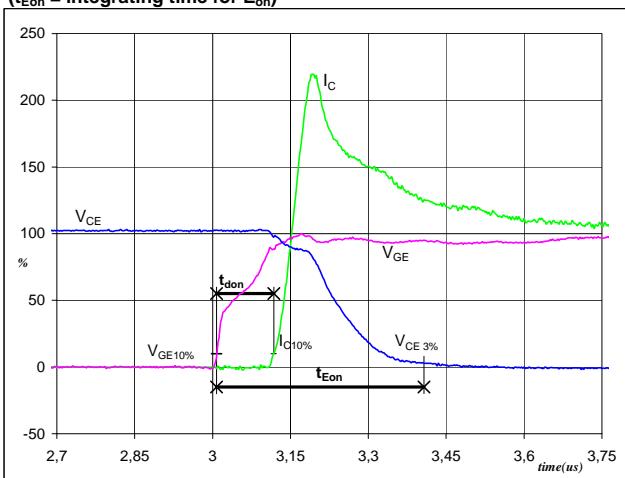


$V_{GE}(0\%) = -15 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE}(100\%) = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $V_C(100\%) = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C(100\%) = 50 \text{ A}$   
 $t_{doff} = 0,30 \mu\text{s}$   
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,67 \mu\text{s}$

**Figure 2**

Output inverter IGBT

**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$**   
 $(t_{Eon} = \text{integrating time for } E_{on})$

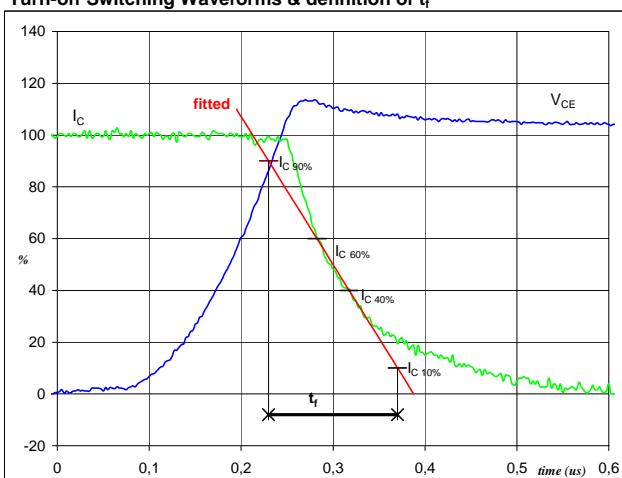


$V_{GE}(0\%) = -15 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE}(100\%) = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $V_C(100\%) = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C(100\%) = 50 \text{ A}$   
 $t_{don} = 0,11 \mu\text{s}$   
 $t_{Eon} = 0,40 \mu\text{s}$

**Figure 3**

Output inverter IGBT

**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$**

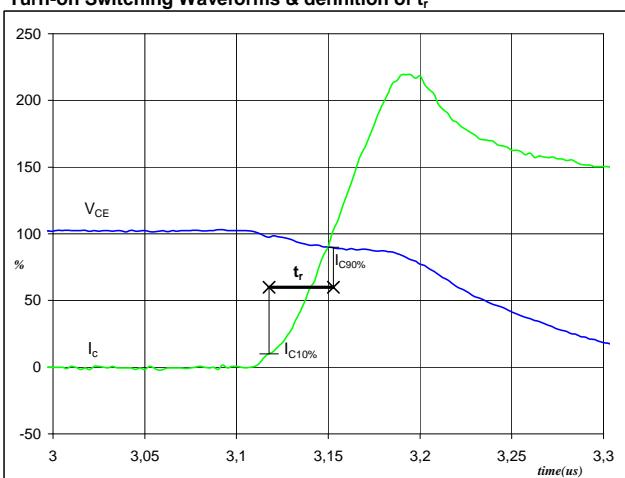


$V_C(100\%) = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C(100\%) = 50 \text{ A}$   
 $t_f = 0,13 \mu\text{s}$

**Figure 4**

Output inverter IGBT

**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$**

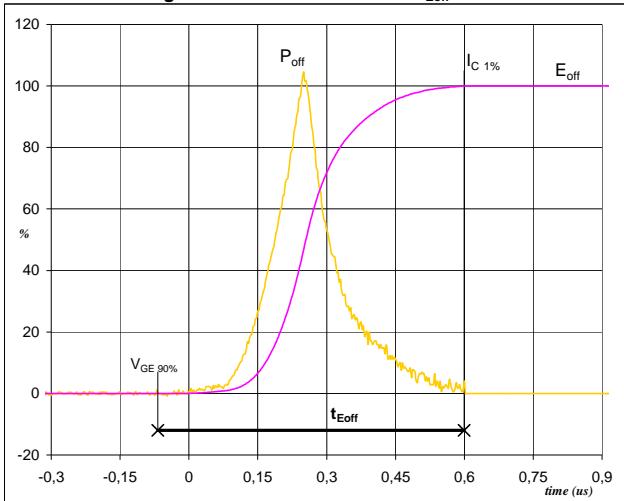


$V_C(100\%) = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C(100\%) = 50 \text{ A}$   
 $t_r = 0,03 \mu\text{s}$

## Switching Definitions Output Inverter

**Figure 5**

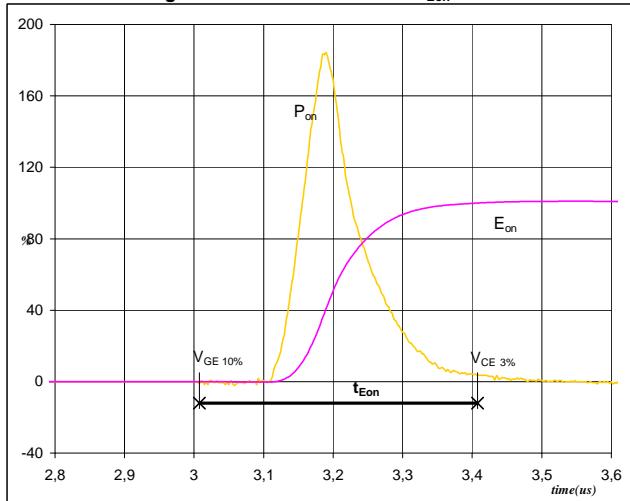
Output inverter IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Eoff}$ 

$P_{off}$  (100%) = 30,25 kW  
 $E_{off}$  (100%) = 4,70 mJ  
 $t_{Eoff}$  = 0,67  $\mu$ s

**Figure 6**

Output inverter IGBT

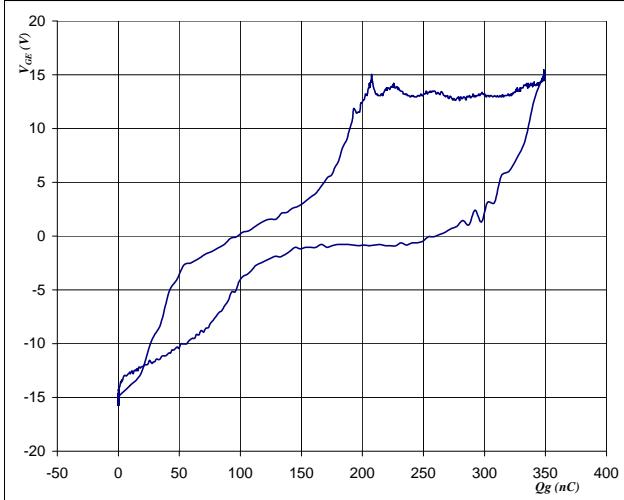
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Eon}$ 

$P_{on}$  (100%) = 30,25 kW  
 $E_{on}$  (100%) = 5,33 mJ  
 $t_{Eon}$  = 0,40  $\mu$ s

**Figure 7**

Output inverter FWD

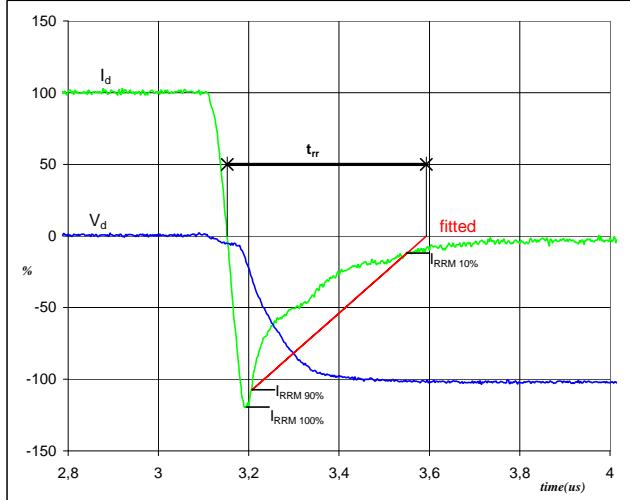
Gate voltage vs Gate charge (measured)



$V_{GEoff}$  = -15 V  
 $V_{GEon}$  = 15 V  
 $V_C$  (100%) = 600 V  
 $I_C$  (100%) = 50 A  
 $Q_g$  = 349,14 nC

**Figure 8**

Output inverter IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{rr}$ 

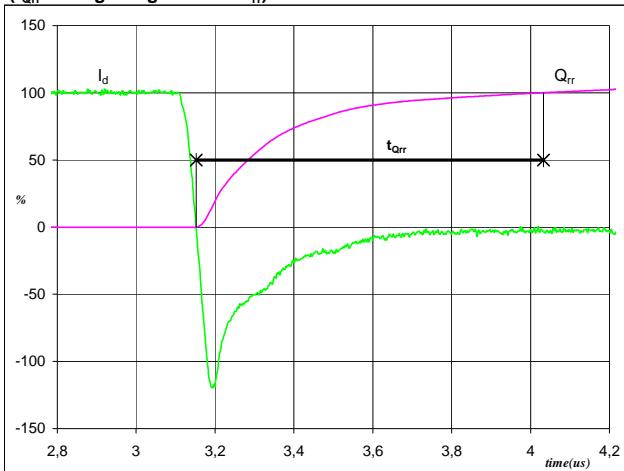
$V_d$  (100%) = 600 V  
 $I_d$  (100%) = 50 A  
 $I_{RRM}$  (100%) = -60 A  
 $t_{rr}$  = 0,44  $\mu$ s

## Switching Definitions Output Inverter

**Figure 9**

Output inverter FWD

**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Qrr}$**   
 $(t_{Qrr} = \text{integrating time for } Q_{rr})$

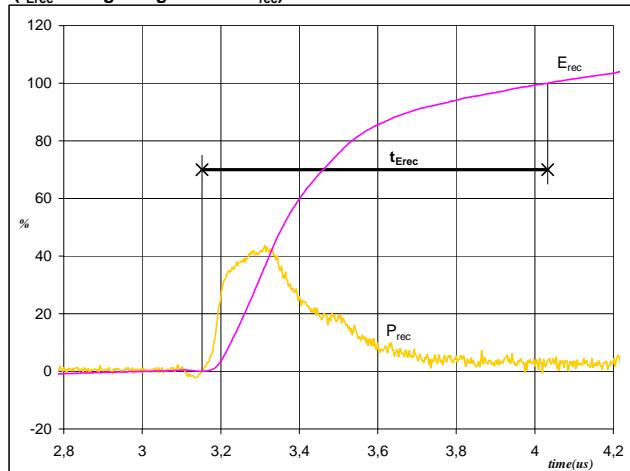


$$\begin{aligned} I_d(100\%) &= 50 \quad \text{A} \\ Q_{rr}(100\%) &= 9,73 \quad \mu\text{C} \\ t_{Qrr} &= 0,88 \quad \mu\text{s} \end{aligned}$$

**Figure 10**

Output inverter FWD

**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Erec}$**   
 $(t_{Erec} = \text{integrating time for } E_{rec})$



$$\begin{aligned} P_{rec}(100\%) &= 30,25 \quad \text{kW} \\ E_{rec}(100\%) &= 3,82 \quad \text{mJ} \\ t_{Erec} &= 0,88 \quad \mu\text{s} \end{aligned}$$

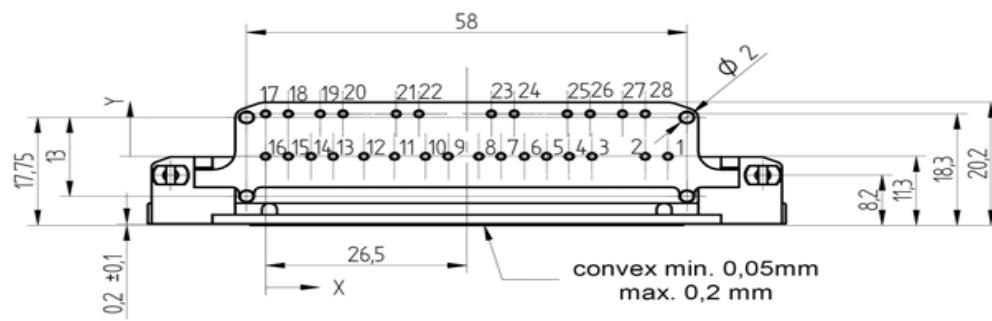
## Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout

### Ordering Code & Marking

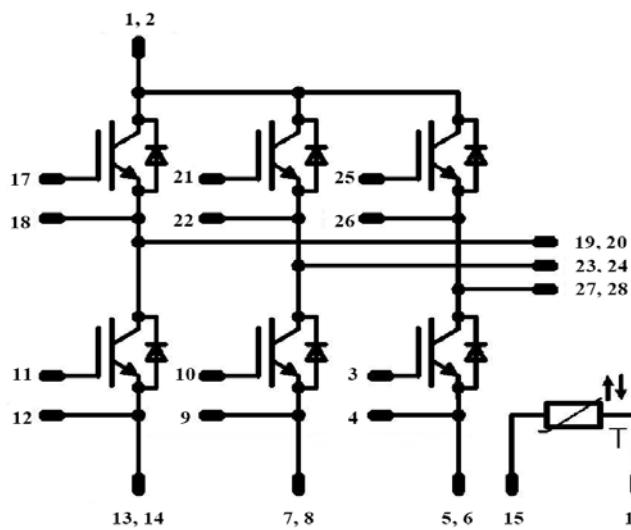
| Version                            | Ordering Code   | in DataMatrix as | in packaging barcode as |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| without thermal paste 12mm housing | V23990-P700-F44 | P700-F44         | P700-F44                |

### Outline

| Pin Table |       |   |
|-----------|-------|---|
| Pin       | X     | Y |
| 1         | 53    | 0 |
| 2         | 50    | 0 |
| 3         | 43    | 0 |
| 4         | 40    | 0 |
| 5         | 37    | 0 |
| 6         | 34,1  | 0 |
| 7         | 31    | 0 |
| 8         | 28,1  | 0 |
| 9         | 24,05 | 0 |
| 10        | 21,05 | 0 |
| 11        | 17    | 0 |
| 12        | 12,95 | 0 |
| 13        | 8,9   | 0 |
| 14        | 6     | 0 |
| 15        | 3     | 0 |
| 16        | 0     | 0 |
| 17        | 0     | 7 |
| 18        | 3     | 7 |
| 19        | 7,2   | 7 |
| 20        | 10,2  | 7 |
| 21        | 17,2  | 7 |
| 22        | 20,2  | 7 |
| 23        | 29,75 | 7 |
| 24        | 32,75 | 7 |
| 25        | 39,75 | 7 |
| 26        | 42,75 | 7 |
| Pin Table |       |   |
| Pin       | X     | Y |
| 27        | 47    | 7 |
| 28        | 50    | 7 |



### Pinout



**PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS**

| Datasheet Status | Product Status         | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Target           | Formative or In Design | This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice. The data contained is exclusively intended for technically trained staff.                                                                     |
| Preliminary      | First Production       | This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data may be published at a later date. Vincotech reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design. The data contained is exclusively intended for technically trained staff. |
| Final            | Full Production        | This datasheet contains final specifications. Vincotech reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design. The data contained is exclusively intended for technically trained staff.                                                      |

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.