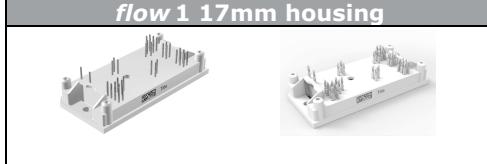
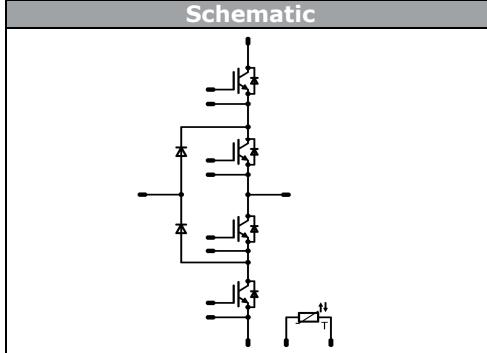
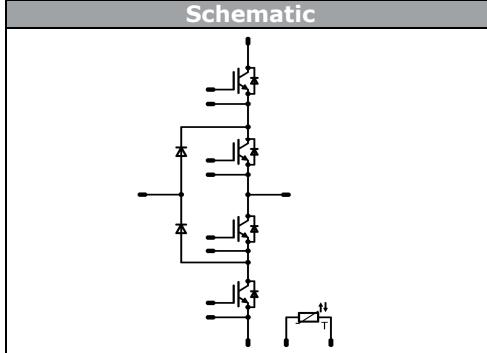
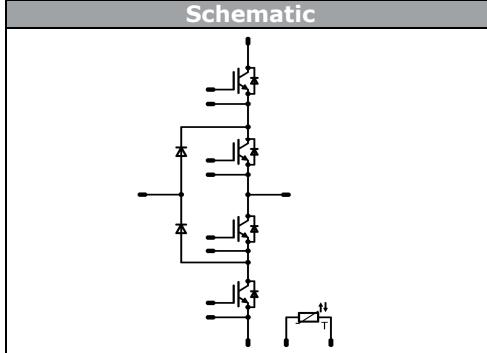




Vincotech

10-F107NIB150SG06-M136F39
10-P107NIB150SG06-M136F39Y

datasheet

flow 1 NPC	650 V / 150 A				
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Features</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> switching with high speed components low voltage ride through (LVRT) reactive power capable improved Rth (AIN) substrat </td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Features	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> switching with high speed components low voltage ride through (LVRT) reactive power capable improved Rth (AIN) substrat 			
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Maximum Ratings

 $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Buck IGBT				
Collector-emitter break down voltage	V_{CE}		650	V
DC collector current	I_C	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_s=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	128 168	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	450	A
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_s=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	279 422	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	V_{GE}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC} V_{CC}	$T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$	5 400	μs V
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Buck Diode				
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}		650	V
DC forward current	I_F	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_s=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	125 170	A
Diode surge non repetitive forward current	I_{FSM}	$t_p=10\text{ms}$, sine halfwave	1280	A
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_s=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	241 365	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^\circ\text{C}$



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datasheet

Maximum Ratings

 $T_i=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
-----------	--------	-----------	-------	------

Boost IGBT

Collector-emitter break down voltage	V_{CE}		600	V
DC collector current	I_C	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_s=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	173 228	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	450	A
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_s=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	324 490	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	V_{GE}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC} V_{CC}	$T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$	6 360	μs V
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

Boost Inverse Diode

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}		600	V
DC forward current	I_F	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_s=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	124 164	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	200	A
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_s=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	204 310	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

Boost Diode

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	650	V
DC forward current	I_F	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_s=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	120 161	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	200	A
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_s=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	203 307	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{op}		-40...+($T_{jmax} - 25$)	$^\circ\text{C}$

Insulation Properties

Insulation voltage	V_{is}	DC voltage	t=2s	4000	V
Creepage distance				min 12,7	mm
Clearance				min 12,7	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI			>200	



Vincotech

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datasheet

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] or V_{GS} [V]	V_r [V] or V_{CE} [V] or V_{DS} [V]	I_c [A] or I_F [A] or I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Buck IGBT

Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE}=V_{GE}$			0,0024	25 150	4,2	5,1	5,6	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CEsat}		15		150	25 150	1,38	1,94 2,26	2,22	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current incl. Diode	I_{CES}		0	650		25 150			0,0076	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25 150			300	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	R_{gint}						none			Ω
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon}=4 \Omega$ $R_{goff}=4 \Omega$	± 15	350	150	25 150	147 149			ns
Rise time	t_r					25 150	30 34			
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25 150	197 219			
Fall time	t_f					25 150	18 27			
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	E_{on}					25 150	1,53 2,45			mWs
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	E_{off}					25 150	1,69 2,68			
Input capacitance	C_{ies}						9240			pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}					25	480			
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}						274			
Gate charge	Q_G		15	480	150	25		940		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda=3,4\text{W/mK}$						0,34		K/W

Buck Diode

Diode forward voltage	V_F				160	25 150		1,67 2,01	1,7	V
Reverse leakage current	I_r			650		25 150			160	µA
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{RRM}	$R_{gon}=4 \Omega$	± 15	350	150	25 150		104 157		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					25 150		59 97		ns
Reverse recovered charge	Q_{rr}					25 150		5 10		µC
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					25 150		6885 3093		A/µs
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					25 150		0,92 2,07		mWs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda=3,4\text{W/mK}$						0,39		K/W



Vincotech

10-F107NIB150SG06-M136F39
10-P107NIB150SG06-M136F39Y

datasheet

Characteristic Values

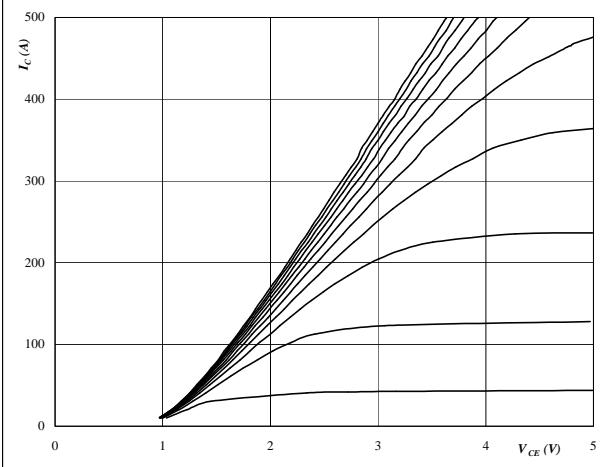
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
			V_{GE} [V] or V_{GS} [V]	V_r [V] or V_{CE} [V] or V_{DS} [V]	I_c [A] or I_F [A] or I_D [A]	T_j [$^{\circ}$ C]	Min	Typ	Max	
Boost IGBT										
Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE}=V_{GE}$			0,0024	25 150	5	5,8	6,5	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CEsat}		15		150	25 150	1,05	1,46 1,65	1,85	V
Collector-emitter cut-off incl diode	I_{CES}		0	600		25 150			0,0076	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0					1200	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	R_{gint}					25 150		none		Ω
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 150		149 151		
Rise time	t_r					25 150		31 36		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$R_{gon}=4 \Omega$ $R_{goff}=4 \Omega$	± 15	350	150	25 150		220 245		ns
Fall time	t_f					25 150		58 78		
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	E_{on}					25 150		1,77 2,38		mWs
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	E_{off}					25 150		4,26 5,95		
Input capacitance	C_{ies}							9240		
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	f=1MHz	0	25		25		576		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}							274		
Gate charge	Q_G		15	480	150			940		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda=3,4\text{W/mK}$						0,29		K/W
Boost Inverse Diode										
Diode forward voltage	V_F				100	25 150	1,20	1,77 1,54	1,90	V
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda=3,4\text{W/mK}$						0,46		K/W
Boost Diode										
Diode forward voltage	V_F				100	25 150	1,2	1,77 1,57	1,9	V
Reverse leakage current	I_r			650		25 150			48	μ A
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{RRM}					25 150		82 114		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					25 150		133 290		ns
Reverse recovered charge	Q_{rr}	$R_{gon}=4 \Omega$	± 15	350	150	25 150		6 13		μ C
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					25 150		559 676		A/ μ s
Reverse recovery energy	E_{rec}					25 150		1,65 3,68		mWs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda=3,4\text{W/mK}$						0,47		K/W
Thermistor										
Rated resistance	R					25		21511		Ω
Deviation of R100	$\Delta R/R$	$R_{100}=1486\Omega$			100		-4,5		+4,5	%
Power dissipation	P				25			210		mW
Power dissipation constant					25			3,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$				25			3884		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 1\%$			25			3964		K
Vincotech NTC Reference									F	

Buck

Figure 1
Typical output characteristics

IGBT

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$


At

$$t_p = 350 \mu\text{s}$$

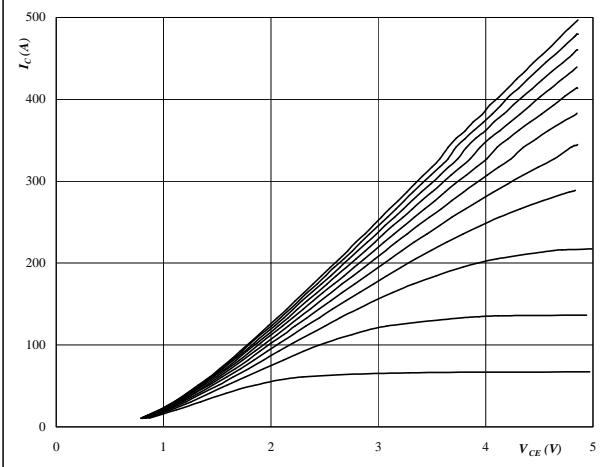
$$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 2
Typical output characteristics

IGBT

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$


At

$$t_p = 350 \mu\text{s}$$

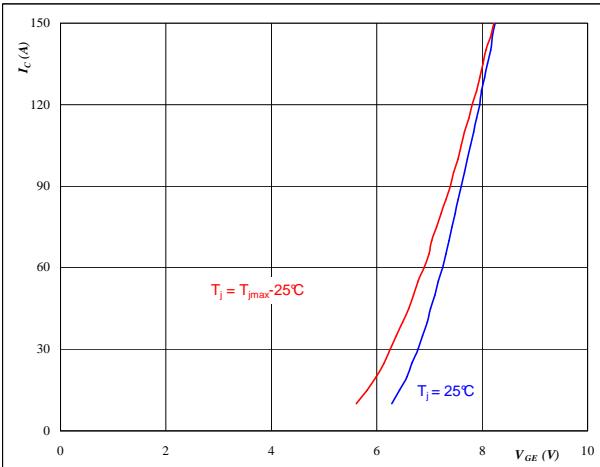
$$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$$

 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 3
Typical transfer characteristics

IGBT

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$


At

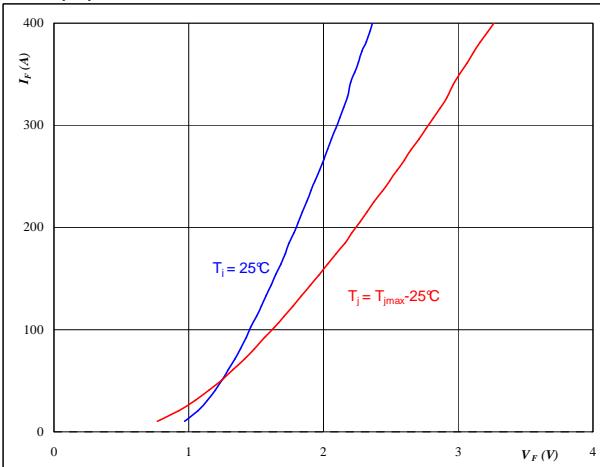
$$t_p = 350 \mu\text{s}$$

$$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$$

Figure 4
Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

FWD

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$


At

$$t_p = 350 \mu\text{s}$$

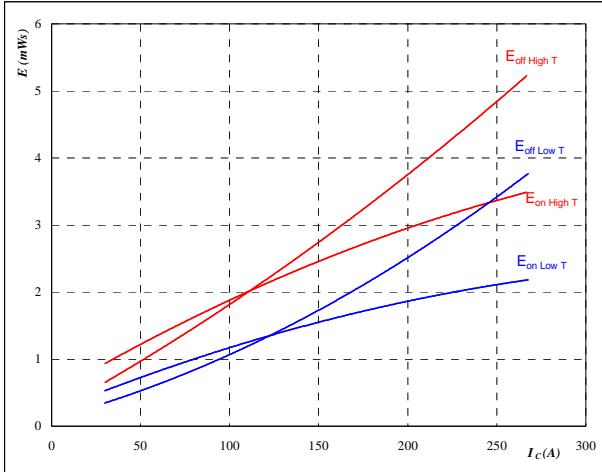
Buck

Figure 5

IGBT

**Typical switching energy losses
as a function of collector current**

$$E = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

$$R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$$

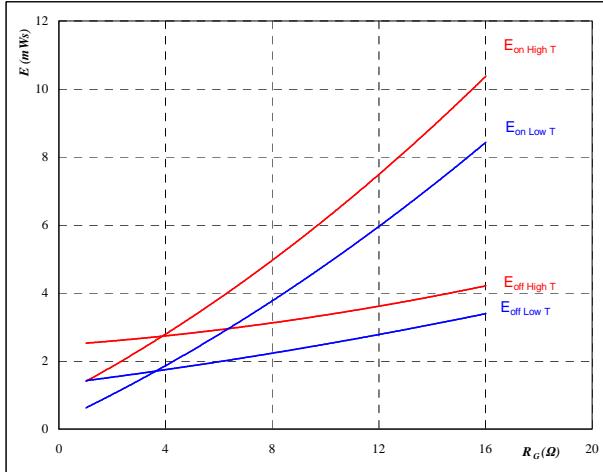
$$R_{goff} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$$

Figure 6

IGBT

**Typical switching energy losses
as a function of gate resistor**

$$E = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

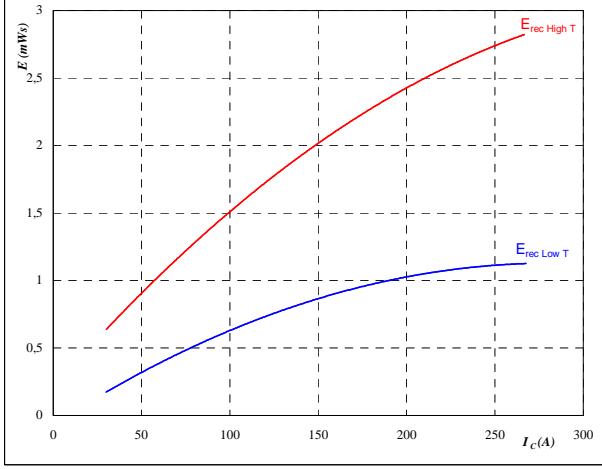
$$I_c = 150 \text{ A}$$

Figure 7

FWD

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of collector current**

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

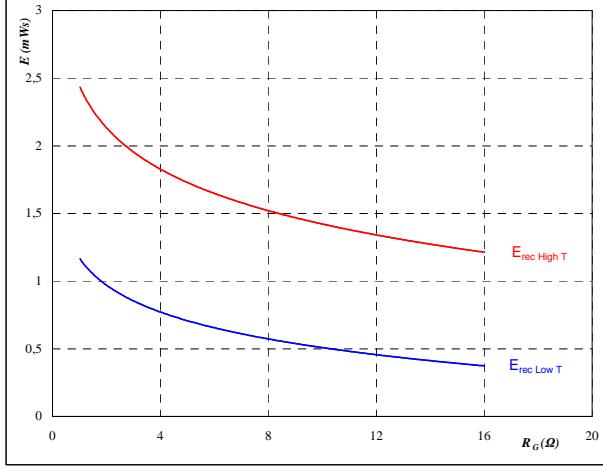
$$R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$$

Figure 8

FWD

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of gate resistor**

$$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

$$I_c = 150 \text{ A}$$

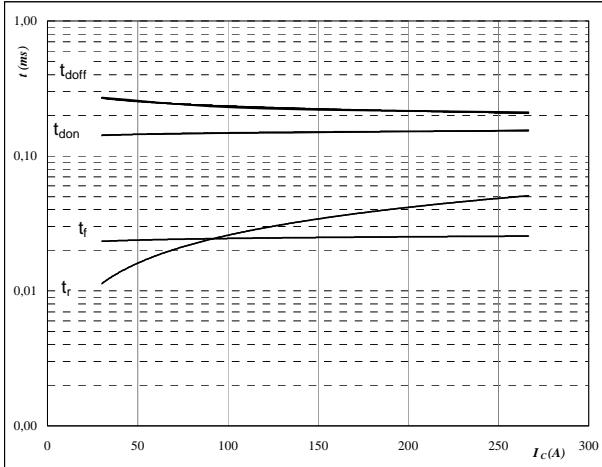
Buck

Figure 9

IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

$$R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$$

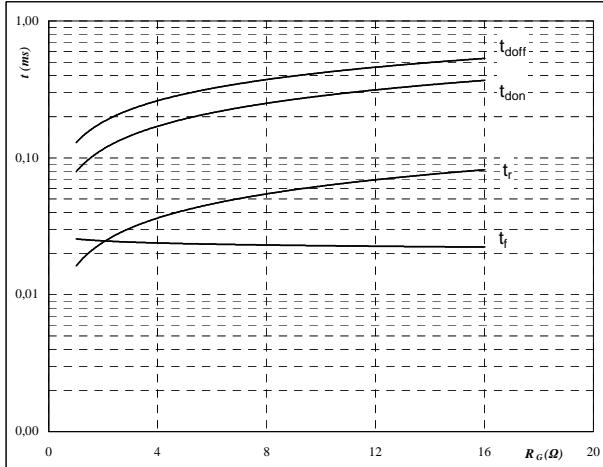
$$R_{goff} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$$

Figure 10

IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

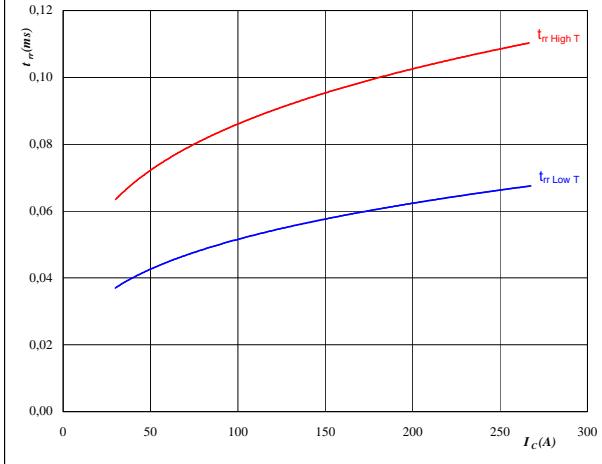
$$I_c = 150 \text{ A}$$

Figure 11

FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_c)$$



At

$$T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

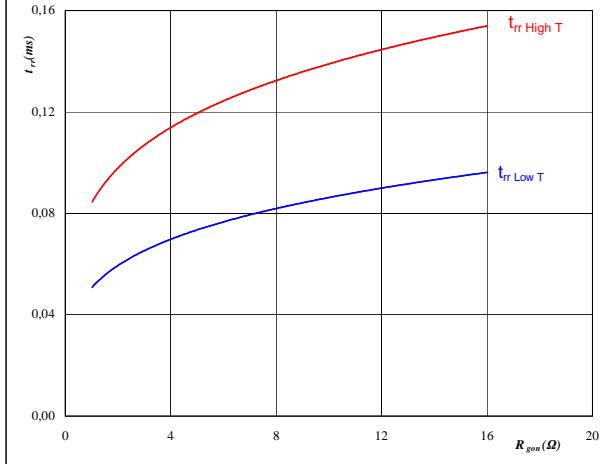
$$R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$$

Figure 12

FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At

$$T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_R = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$I_F = 150 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

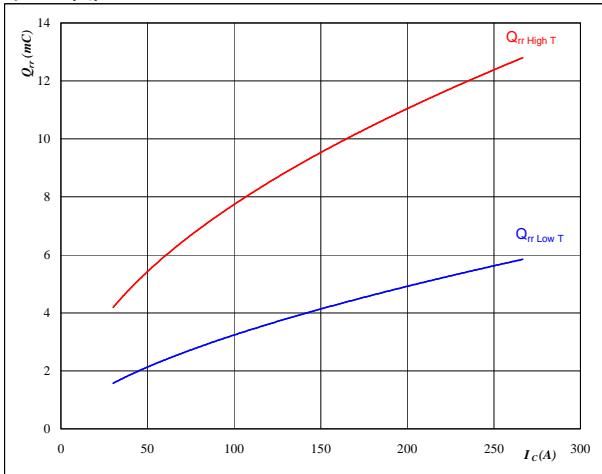
Buck

Figure 13

FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_c)$$

**At**

$$T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

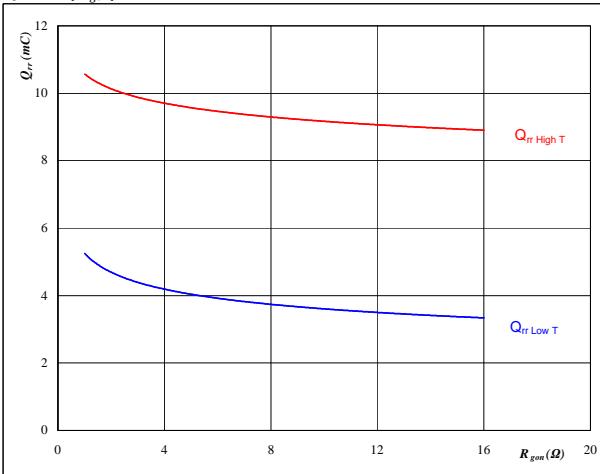
$$R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$$

Figure 14

FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_R = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$I_F = 150 \text{ A}$$

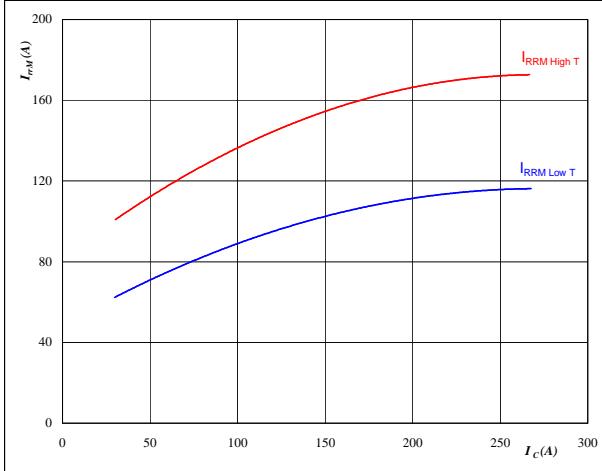
$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

Figure 15

FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_c)$$

**At**

$$T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

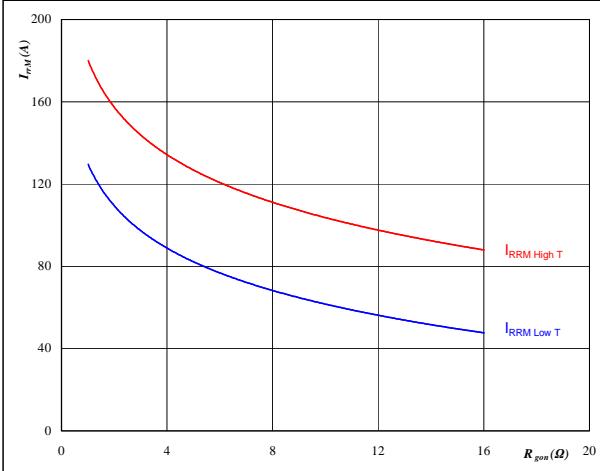
$$R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$$

Figure 16

FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_R = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$I_F = 150 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

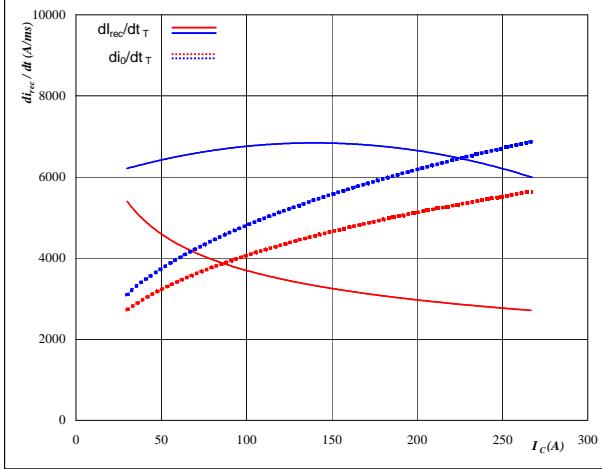
Buck

Figure 17

FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$$

**At**

$$T_j = 25/150 \quad ^\circ C$$

$$V_{CE} = 350 \quad V$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \quad V$$

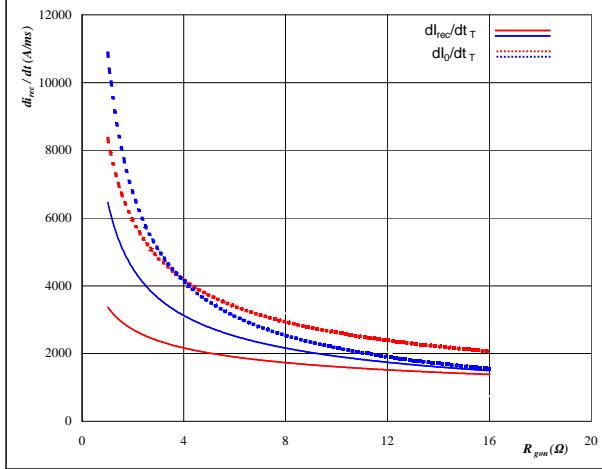
$$R_{gon} = 4 \quad \Omega$$

Figure 18

FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 25/150 \quad ^\circ C$$

$$V_R = 350 \quad V$$

$$I_F = 150 \quad A$$

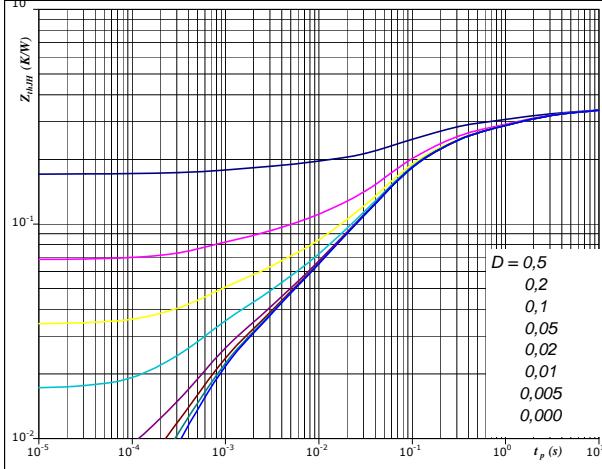
$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \quad V$$

Figure 19

IGBT

IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thIH} = f(t_p)$$

**At**

$$D = t_p / T$$

$$R_{thIH} = 0.34 \quad K/W$$

IGBT thermal model values

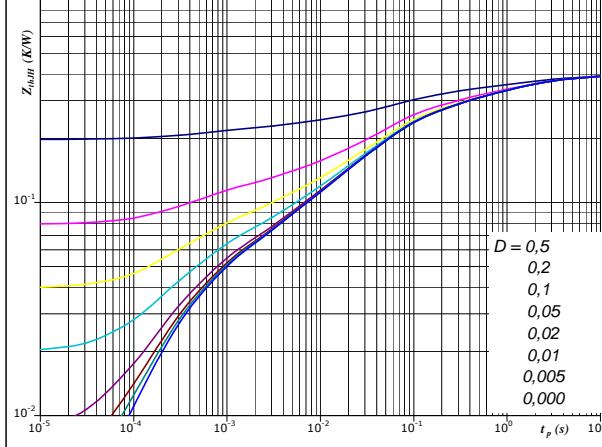
R (K/W)	Tau (s)
0,04	3,5E+00
0,06	8,6E-01
0,10	1,4E-01
0,09	4,3E-02
0,02	4,4E-03
0,02	6,2E-04

Figure 20

FWD

FWD transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thIH} = f(t_p)$$

**At**

$$D = t_p / T$$

$$R_{thIH} = 0.39 \quad K/W$$

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
0,05	3,8E+00
0,07	9,2E-01
0,05	2,2E-01
0,13	5,1E-02
0,03	1,2E-02
0,03	2,4E-03

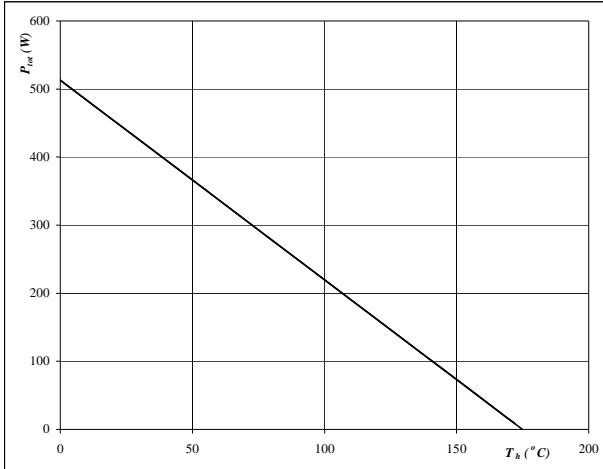
Buck

Figure 21

IGBT

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$$

**At**

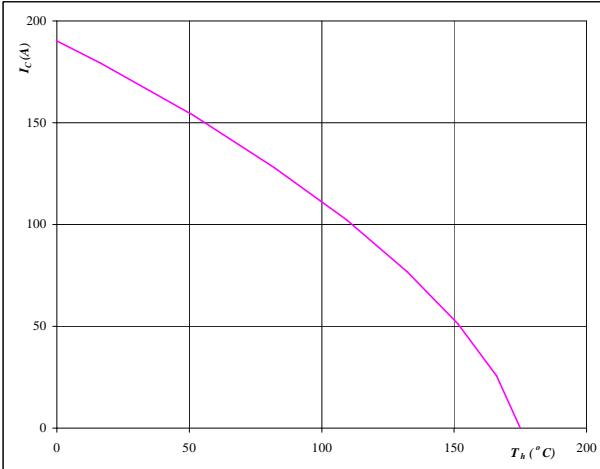
$$T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

Figure 22

IGBT

Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_C = f(T_h)$$

**At**

$$T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

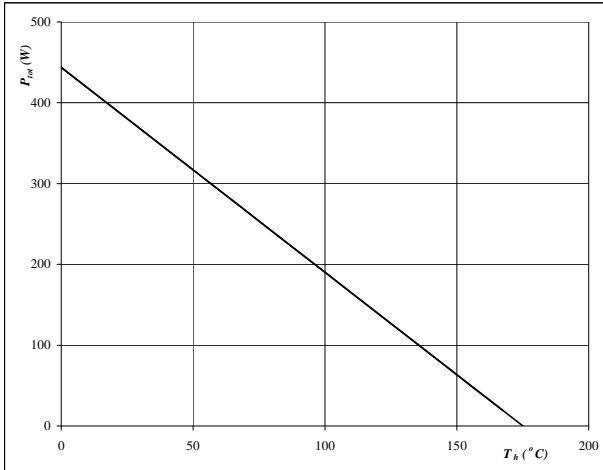
$$V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$$

Figure 23

FWD

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$$

**At**

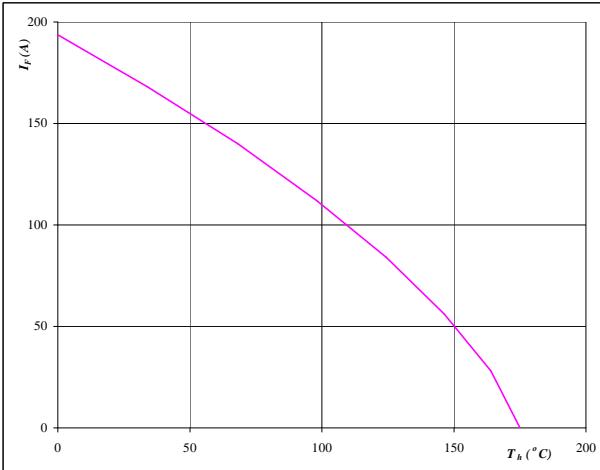
$$T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

Figure 24

FWD

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

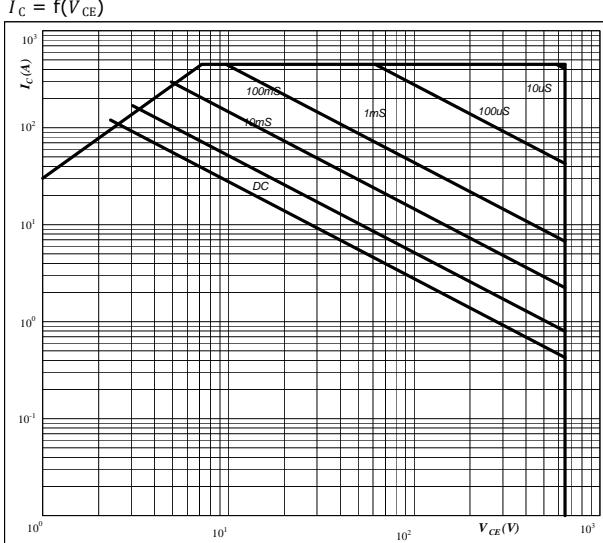
$$I_F = f(T_h)$$

**At**

$$T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

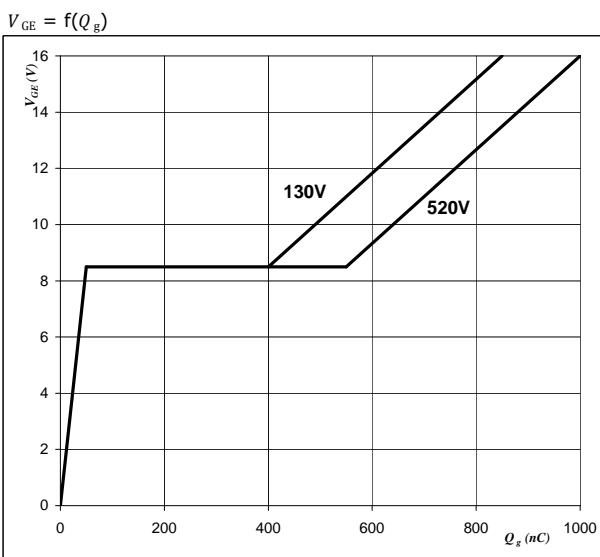
Buck

Figure 25
**Safe operating area as a function
of collector-emitter voltage**
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



IGBT

Figure 26
Gate voltage vs Gate charge



IGBT

At

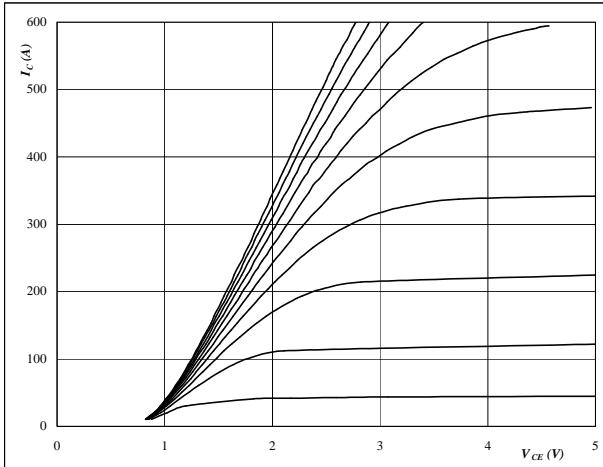
D =	single pulse
T_h =	80 °C
V_{GE} =	± 15 V
T_j =	T_{jmax} °C

At
 $I_C = 150$ A

Boost

Figure 1
Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$


At

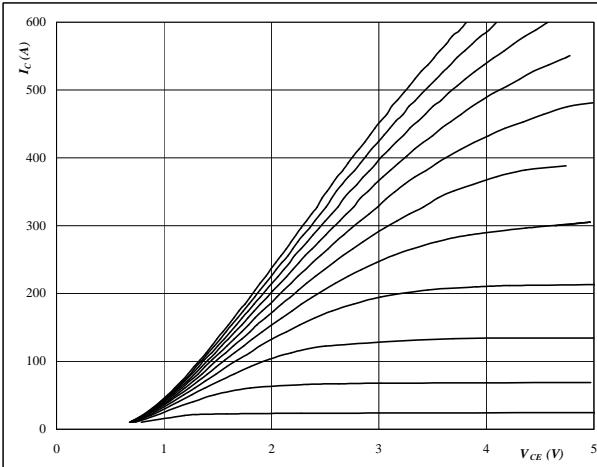
$$t_p = 350 \mu\text{s}$$

$$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

IGBT
Figure 2
Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$


At

$$t_p = 350 \mu\text{s}$$

$$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$$

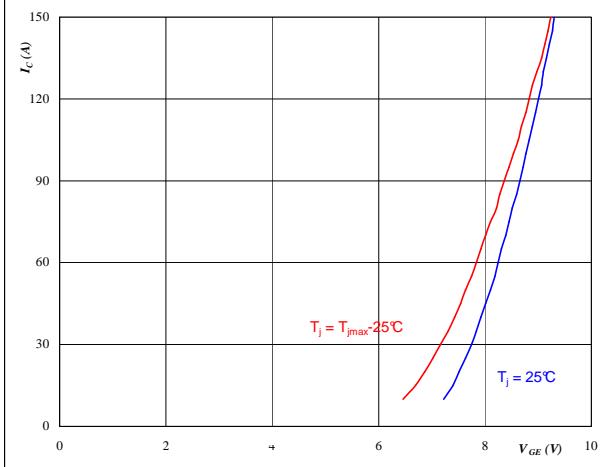
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

IGBT
Figure 3
Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

IGBT
Figure 4
Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

FWD

At

$$t_p = 350 \mu\text{s}$$

$$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$$

At

$$t_p = 350 \mu\text{s}$$

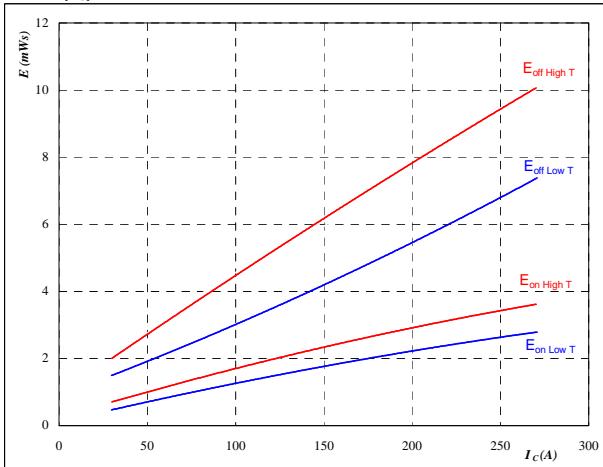
Boost

Figure 5

IGBT

**Typical switching energy losses
as a function of collector current**

$$E = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 25/150 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350 \quad \text{V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \quad \text{V}$$

$$R_{gon} = 4 \quad \Omega$$

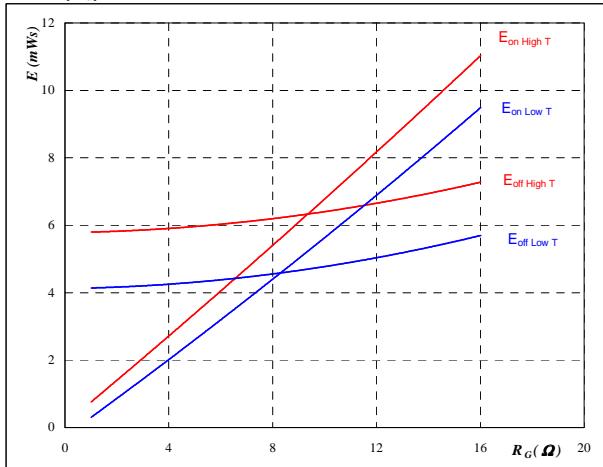
$$R_{goff} = 4 \quad \Omega$$

Figure 6

IGBT

**Typical switching energy losses
as a function of gate resistor**

$$E = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 25/150 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350 \quad \text{V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \quad \text{V}$$

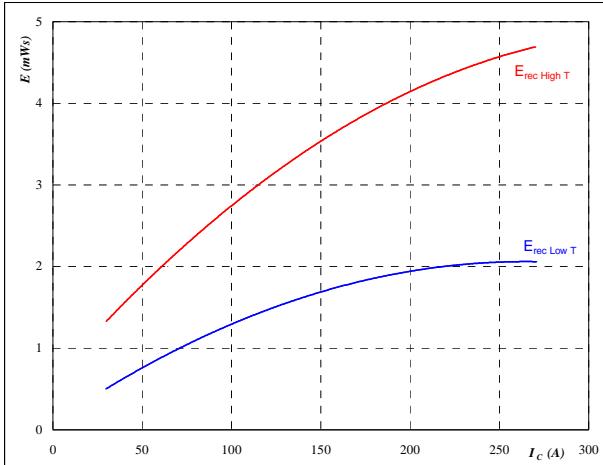
$$I_c = 150 \quad \text{A}$$

Figure 7

FWD

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of collector current**

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 25/150 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350 \quad \text{V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \quad \text{V}$$

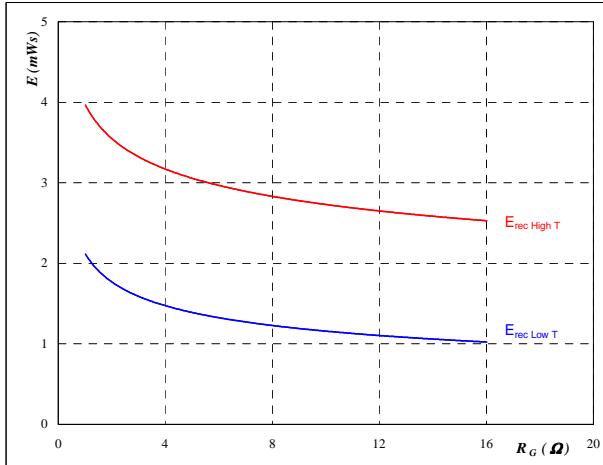
$$R_{gon} = 4 \quad \Omega$$

Figure 8

FWD

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of gate resistor**

$$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 25/150 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350 \quad \text{V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \quad \text{V}$$

$$I_c = 150 \quad \text{A}$$

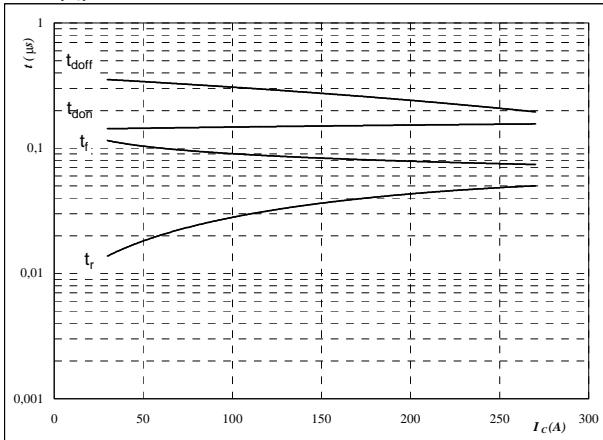
Boost

Figure 9

IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

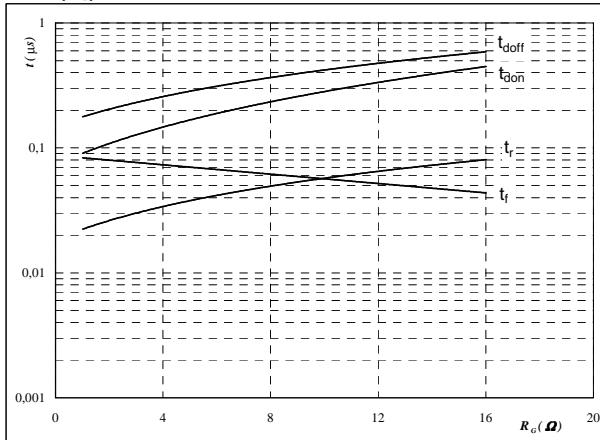
$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω
$R_{goff} =$	4	Ω

Figure 10

IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

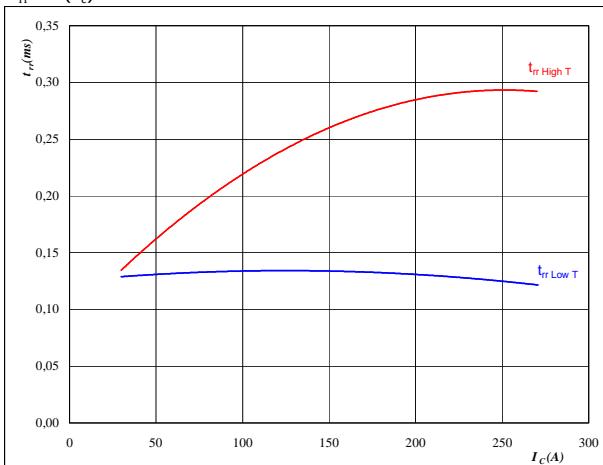
$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_c =$	150	A

Figure 11

FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_c)$$



At

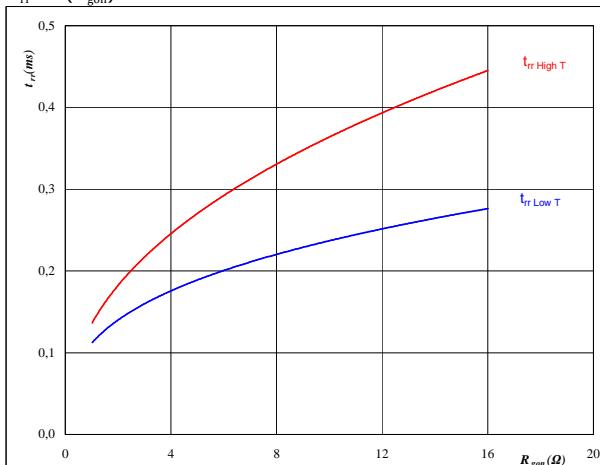
$T_j =$	25/150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω

Figure 12

FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At

$T_j =$	25/150	°C
$V_R =$	350	V
$I_F =$	150	A
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V

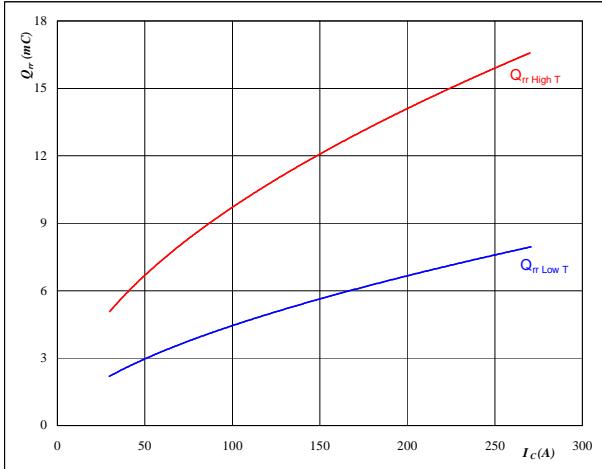
Boost

Figure 13

FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$$


At

$$T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

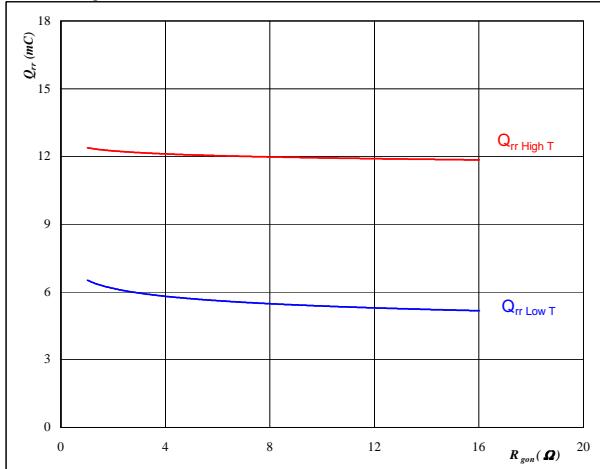
$$R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$$

Figure 14

FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$


At

$$T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_R = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$I_F = 150 \text{ A}$$

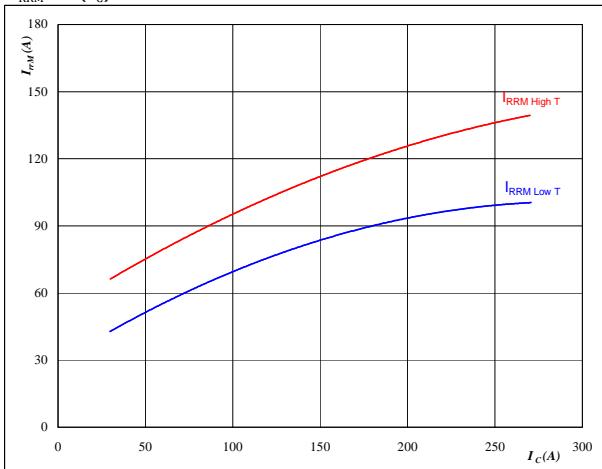
$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

Figure 15

FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$$


At

$$T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

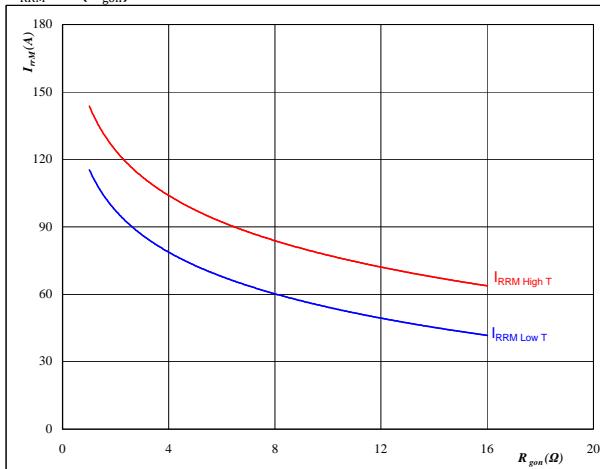
$$R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$$

Figure 16

FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$


At

$$T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_R = 350 \text{ V}$$

$$I_F = 150 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$



Vincotech

**10-F107NIB150SG06-M136F39
10-P107NIB150SG06-M136F39Y**

datasheet

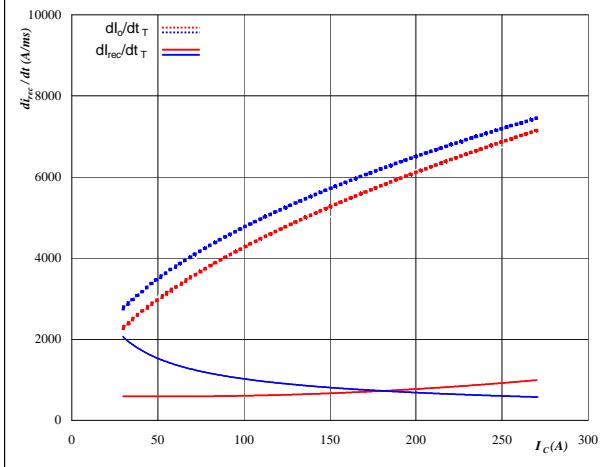
Boost

Figure 17

FWD

**Typical rate of fall of forward
and reverse recovery current as a
function of collector current**

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$$



At

$$T_j = 25/150 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 350 \quad \text{V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \quad \text{V}$$

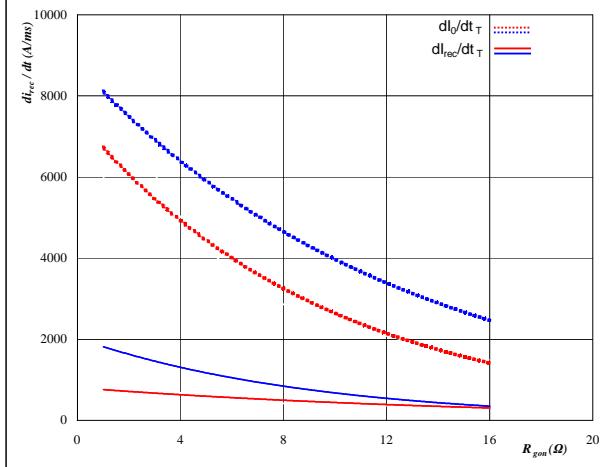
$$R_{gon} = 4 \quad \Omega$$

Figure 18

FWD

**Typical rate of fall of forward
and reverse recovery current as a
function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$$



At

$$T_j = 25/150 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_R = 350 \quad \text{V}$$

$$I_F = 150 \quad \text{A}$$

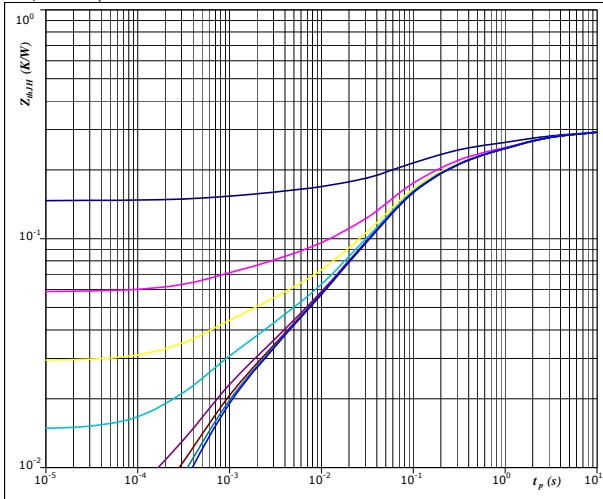
$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \quad \text{V}$$

Figure 19

IGBT

**IGBT transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width**

$$Z_{thIH} = f(t_p)$$



At

$$D = t_p / T$$

$$R_{thIH} = 0,29 \quad \text{K/W}$$

IGBT thermal model values

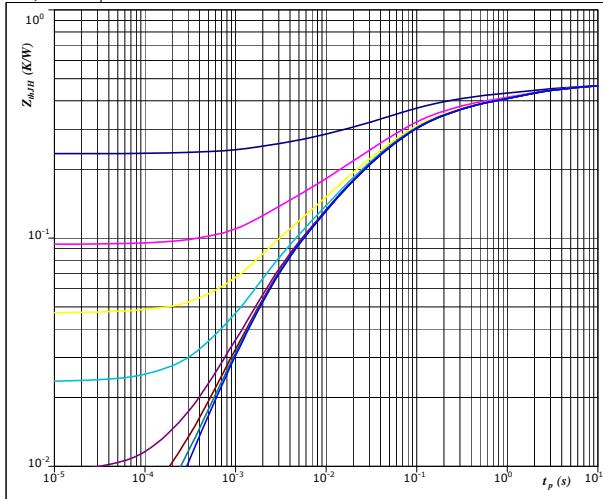
R (K/W)	Tau (s)
0,04	3,0E+00
0,05	7,9E-01
0,08	1,4E-01
0,09	4,3E-02
0,02	3,8E-03
0,01	6,0E-04

Figure 20

FWD

**FWD transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width**

$$Z_{thIH} = f(t_p)$$



At

$$D = t_p / T$$

$$R_{thIH} = 0,47 \quad \text{K/W}$$

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
0,05	4,1E+00
0,07	9,2E-01
0,10	1,4E-01
0,14	3,8E-02
0,06	9,0E-03
0,05	2,0E-03

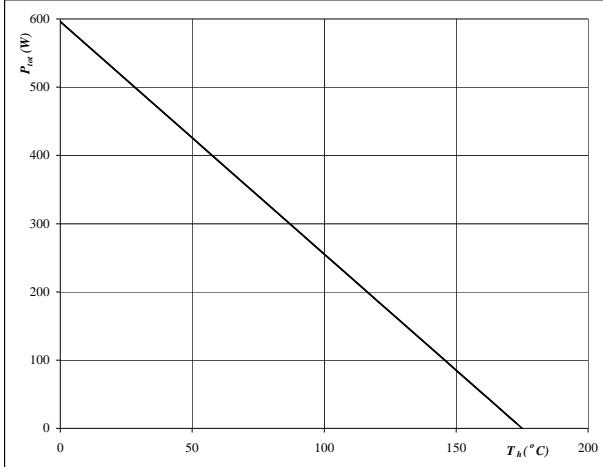
Boost

Figure 21

IGBT

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$$

**At**

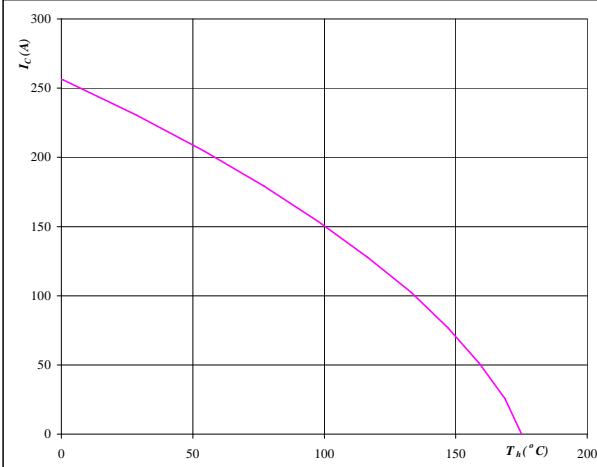
$$T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

Figure 22

IGBT

Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_C = f(T_h)$$

**At**

$$T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

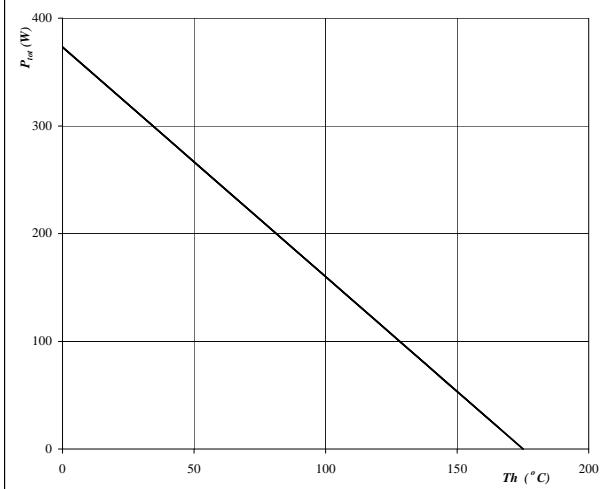
$$V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$$

Figure 23

FWD

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$$

**At**

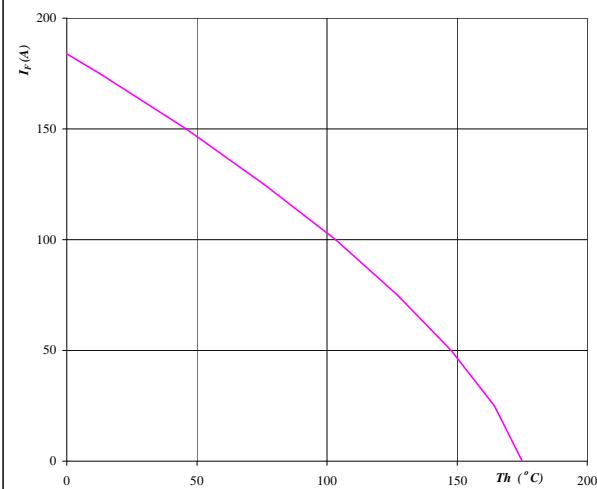
$$T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

Figure 24

FWD

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$

**At**

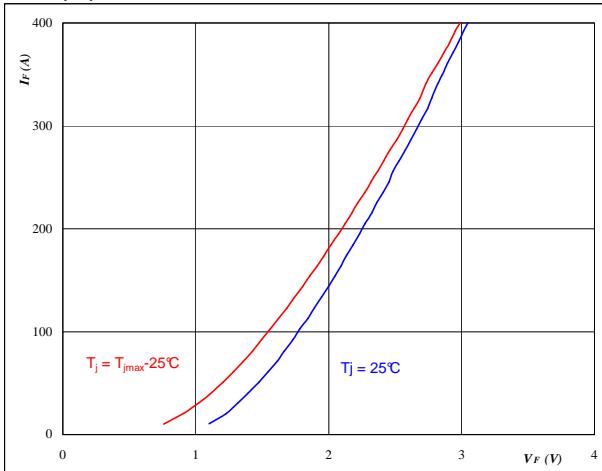
$$T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

Boost inv. Diode

Figure 25 Boost Inverse Diode

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

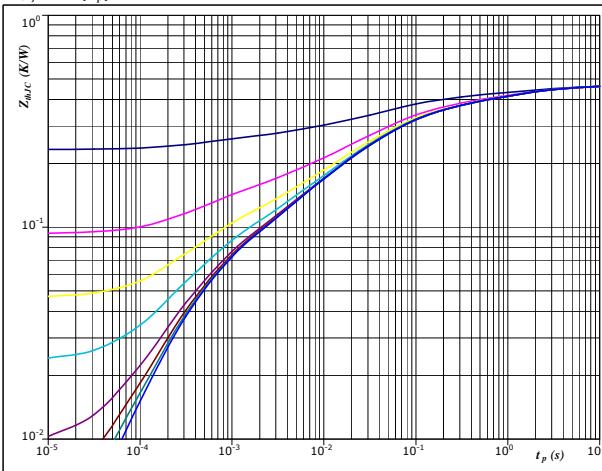

At

$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

Figure 26 Boost Inverse Diode

Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thjH} = f(t_p)$$


At

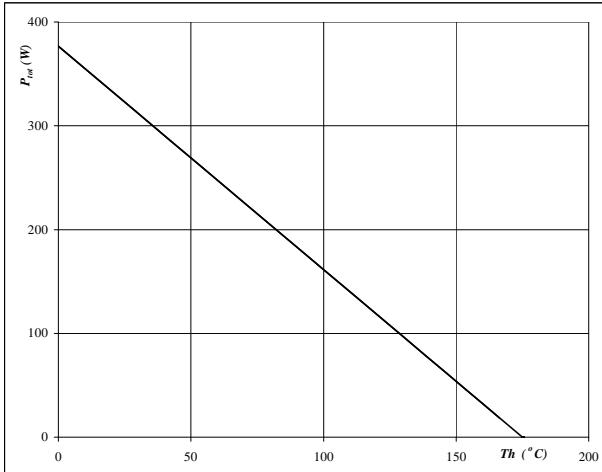
$$D = t_p / T$$

$$R_{thjH} = 0,46 \text{ K/W}$$

Figure 27 Boost Inverse Diode

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$

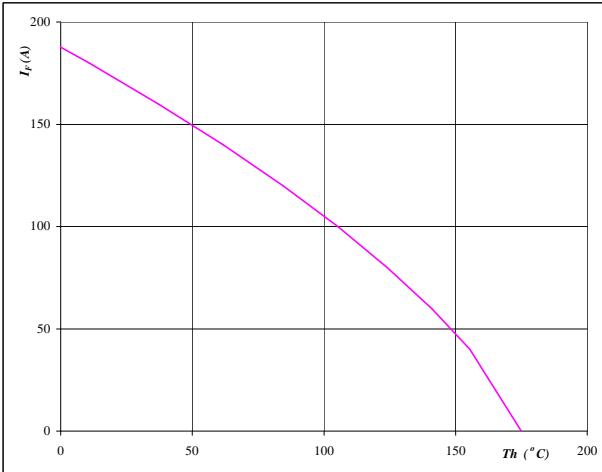

At

$$T_j = 175 \text{ °C}$$

Figure 28 Boost Inverse Diode

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$


At

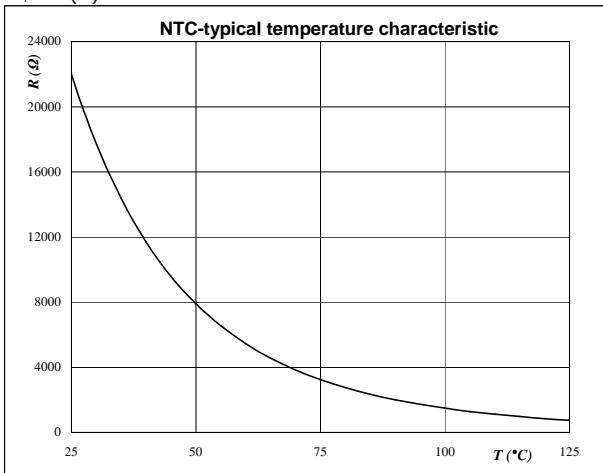
$$T_j = 175 \text{ °C}$$

Thermistor

Figure 1 Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic
as a function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$



Switching Definitions BUCK

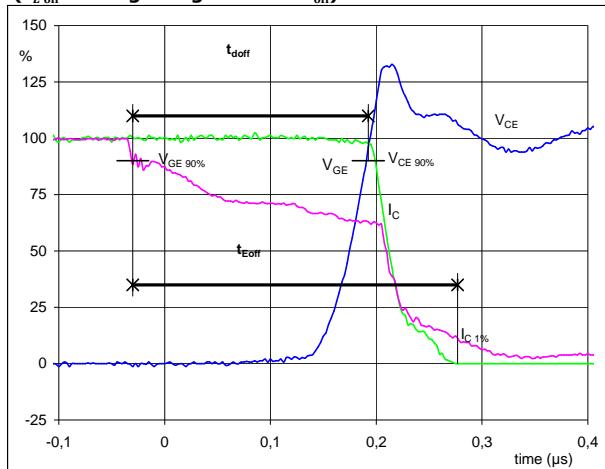
General conditions

T_j	= 150 °C
R_{gon}	= 4 Ω
R_{goff}	= 4 Ω

Figure 1

Buck IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff}
 $(t_{Eoff} = \text{integrating time for } E_{off})$

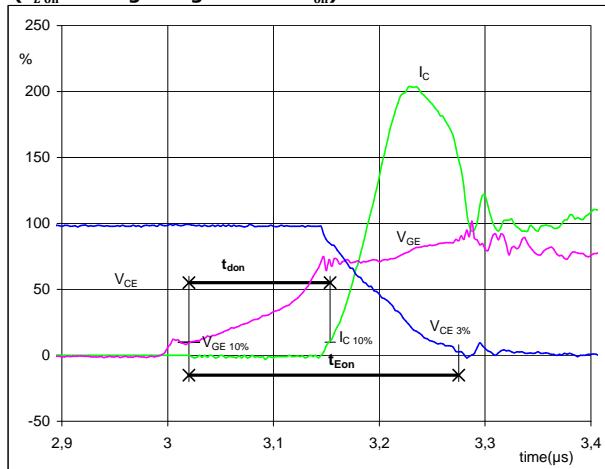


$V_{GE}(0\%) = -15$ V
 $V_{GE}(100\%) = 15$ V
 $V_C(100\%) = 350$ V
 $I_C(100\%) = 150$ A
 $t_{doff} = 0,22$ μs
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,31$ μs

Figure 2

Buck IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon}
 $(t_{Eon} = \text{integrating time for } E_{on})$

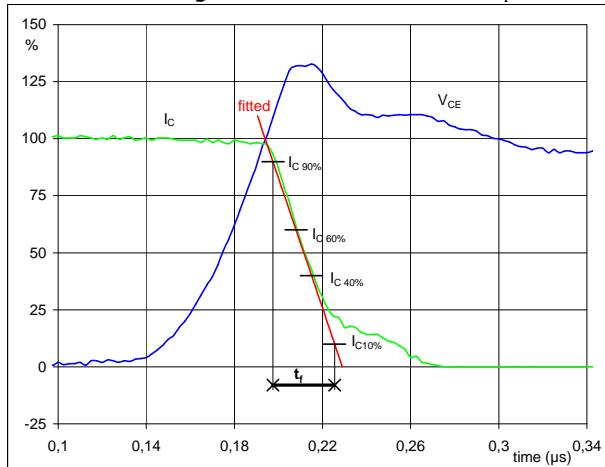


$V_{GE}(0\%) = -15$ V
 $V_{GE}(100\%) = 15$ V
 $V_C(100\%) = 350$ V
 $I_C(100\%) = 150$ A
 $t_{don} = 0,15$ μs
 $t_{Eon} = 0,25$ μs

Figure 3

Buck IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f

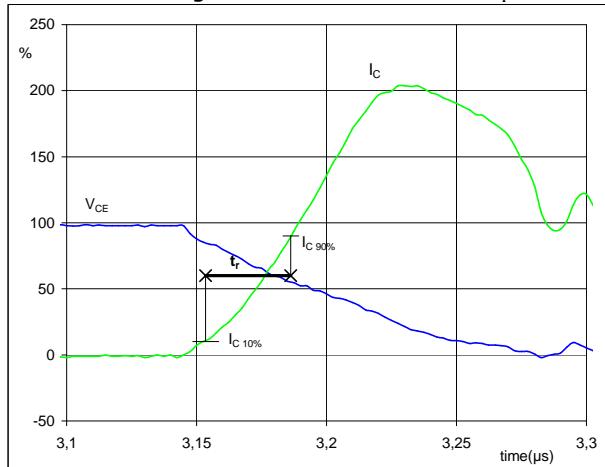


$V_C(100\%) = 350$ V
 $I_C(100\%) = 150$ A
 $t_f = 0,03$ μs

Figure 4

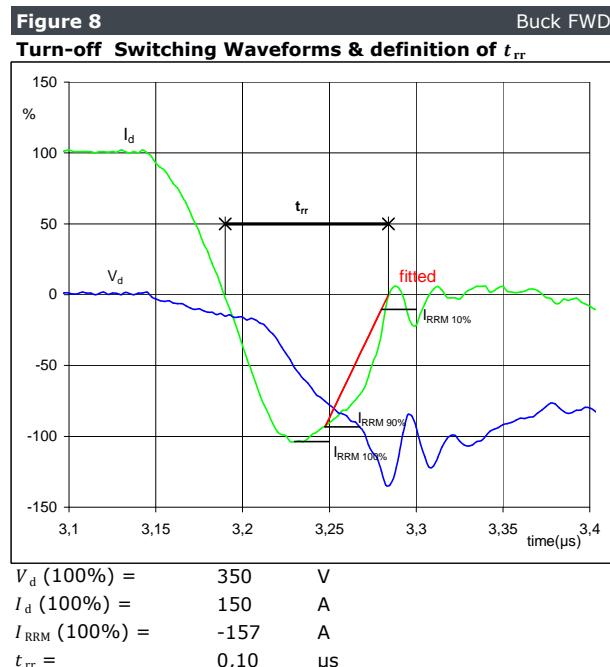
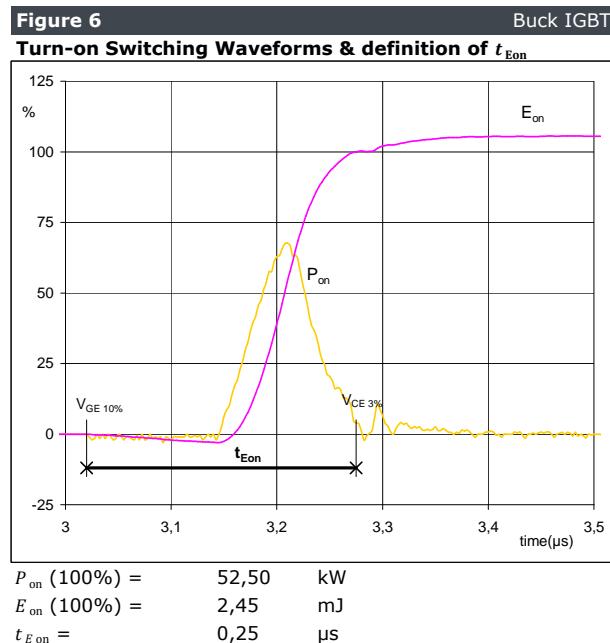
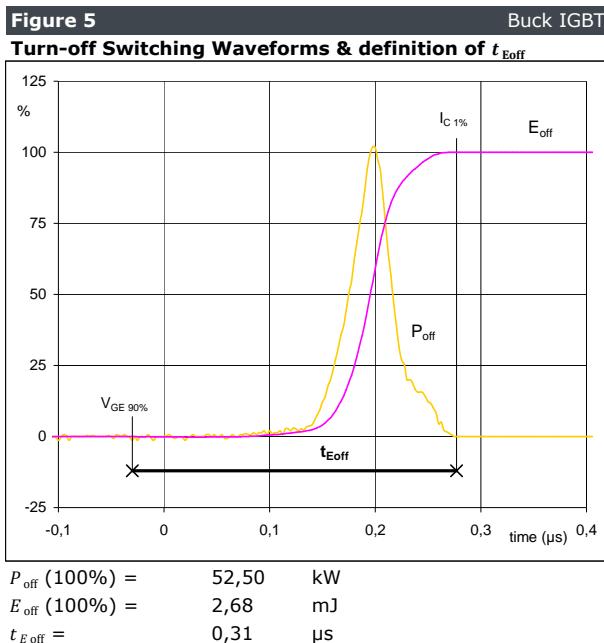
Buck IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r

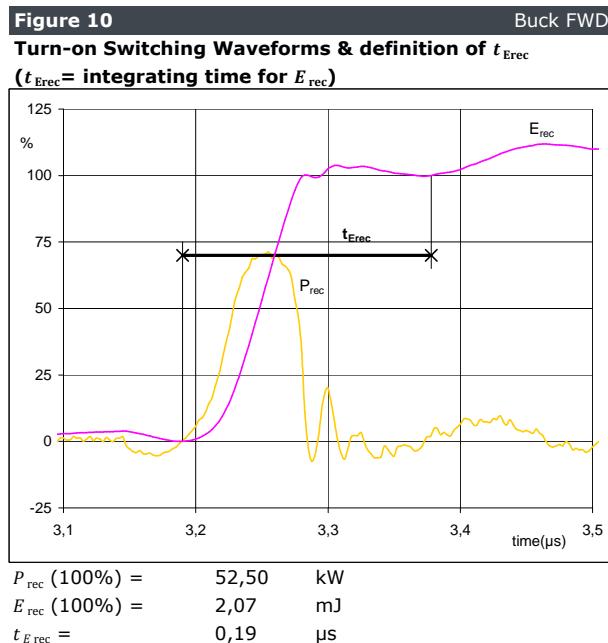
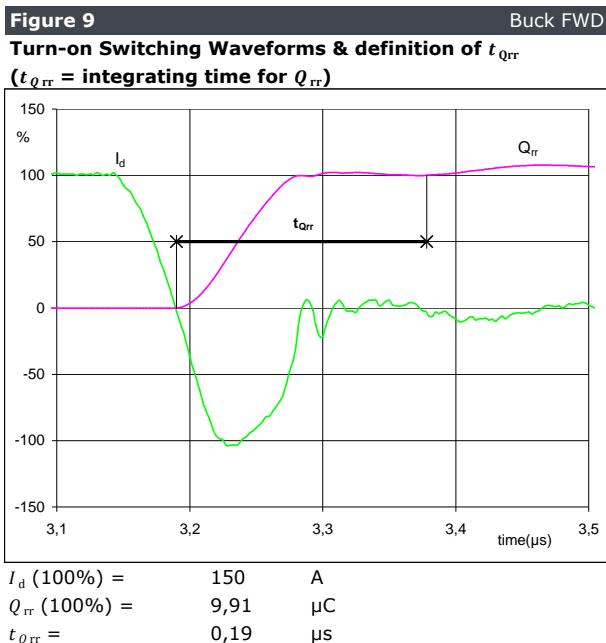


$V_C(100\%) = 350$ V
 $I_C(100\%) = 150$ A
 $t_r = 0,03$ μs

Switching Definitions BUCK



Switching Definitions BUCK





Vincotech

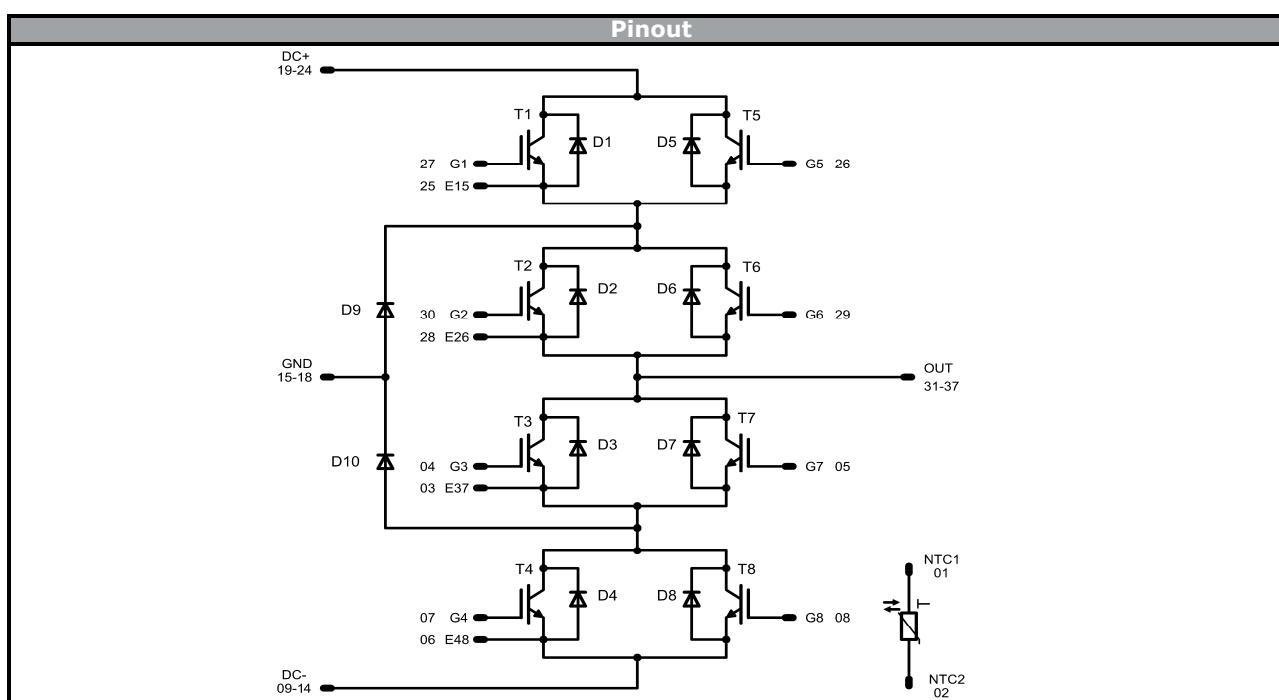
10-F107NIB150SG06-M136F39
10-P107NIB150SG06-M136F39Y

datasheet

Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout

Ordering Code & Marking					
Version	Ordering Code		in DataMatrix as	in packaging barcode as	
without thermal paste 17mm housing	10-F107NIB150SG06-M136F39		M136F39	M136F39	
with thermal paste 17mm housing	10-P107NIB150SG06-M136F39-/3/		M136F39-/3/	M136F39-/3/	
without thermal paste 17mm housing with press-fit pins	10-P107NIB150SG06-M136F39Y		M136F39Y	M136F39Y	

Outline					
Pin table		Pin table			
Pin	X	Y	Pin	X	Y
1	52,2	6,9	23	2,7	28,2
2	52,2	0	24	0	28,2
3	36,2	6,75	25	18,3	22,45
4	33,2	7,9	26	21,3	21,3
5	33,2	4,9	27	21,3	24,3
6	9,2	5,75	28	43	22,15
7	6,2	6,9	29	46	21
8	6,2	3,9	30	46	24
9	2,7	0	31	52,2	20,1
10	0	0	32	49,5	22,8
11	2,7	2,7	33	52,2	22,8
12	0	2,7	34	49,5	25,5
13	2,7	5,4	35	52,2	25,5
14	0	5,4	36	49,5	28,2
15	2,7	12,75	37	52,2	28,2
16	0	12,75			
17	2,7	15,45			
18	0	15,45			
19	2,7	22,8			
20	0	22,8			
21	2,7	25,5			
22	0	25,5			



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T1,T4,T5,T8	IGBT	650V	75A	Buck Switch	
T2,T3,T6,T7	IGBT	600V	75A	Boost Switch	
D1,D4,D5,D8	FWD	650V	50A	Boost Diode	
D2,D3,D6,D7	FWD	600V	50A	Boost Sw. Protection Diode	
D9,D10	FWD	650V	160A	Buck Diode	
T	NTC	-	-	Thermistor	



Vincotech

**10-F107NIB150SG06-M136F39
10-P107NIB150SG06-M136F39Y**

datasheet

Packaging instruction		>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ)	100				

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow</i> 1 packages see vincotech.com website.

General datasheet
General datasheet for <i>flow</i> 1 packages see vincotech.com website.

DISCLAIMER

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As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in labelling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.